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Sterling Silver
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The recognized headquarters
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Deerfield Valley Creamery
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25c lb.
GOLD DUST, package 17c
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Lake Shore Pumpkins, Marrow
Peas, N. Y. State Corn, each
8c per can.
Sliced and grated Pine Apple,
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These canned goods are the latest
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Good Sense
To save 25 cents by using
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You pay good money for
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You naturally expect best
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PITTSTON COAL
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Fine Turkeys, Ducks, Chickens and
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Native Spring Lamb and Green
Meat.
Fresh Lettuce, Radishes, Cucum-
bers, Spinach, Dandelions, Kale.
Asparagus, Green and Wax String
Beans.
Bunch Beets, Parsley, Water
Cress, Sweet Potatoes, Cranberries,
Parsnips.
Strawberries and Pineapples.
Beets, Turnips, Carrots, Cabbage,
Onions, Squashes, Bermuda Onions.
Peach Blood Oranges, 30c dozen
Mediterranean Sweet, 25c dozen
Lowest Prices in the City.
BATEMAN'S CITY MARKET,
115 Main Street,
Telephone 102.

CROKER TESTIFIES. Swears He is Not Boss of New York City. Declares He is Working for His Own Pocket and for His Liv- ing the Same as Mr. Moss.

CROKER ON THE STAND.
Asks Moss What's the Use of Playing
to the Galleries and is Cheered.

New York, April 14.—The Mazet investigation committee resumed its session this morning. A great crowd was present to hear Richard Croker. Mr. Croker, when sworn, said he lived at the Democratic club. "I don't know I am the leader of the Tammany club. I ain't talking for myself. If the people say I am leader, I am." We are agreed that government of the city and country depend upon the existence of political parties.

"Playing to the Galleries."
Mr. Moss asked Mr. Croker if the influence of the leadership accorded him was not based on the fact that he was a truthful man? Mr. Croker said he tried to be truthful. Mr. Croker sharply said to Mr. Moss, "What's the use of asking such questions when every-one knows you are playing to the galleries? Talk straight. Ask straight questions." The galleries applauded. He said he gave Tammany democracy a certain amount of advice for their direction. They usually followed it. He did not recall any officer of the city government about whom his advice was not asked on election. He said he still held the opinion that the Mazet investigation was a case of spite on the part of the republican members of the legislature.

Working for a Living.
Mr. Croker admitted he had been interested in the Amsterdam Avenue grab and Astoria gas bill. He admitted that probably he has more influence than any other man. He believed the organization in control should have all the offices in the government. Mr. Croker said if his side secured control the nominations were true men and the firm expected to be befriended. He was working for his own pocket all the time the same as Mr. Moss. To the party belong the spoils. It is not plunder. Because men are loyal to us do you call that plunder? When you send in your bill for work here for the legislature, you might as well call that plunder." There was a clapping of hands and cries of "Good boy Croker." "I am not boss," said Mr. Croker, "I am working for a living."

Red Book Admitted.
Philadelphia, April 14.—In the Quay trial today, Judge Biddle decided that Witness Goldsmith, former clerk of the People's bank should be permitted to testify as to the entries in the red book in their connection with the regular bank books. The decision practically admits the famous red book as evidence against Quay.

The British Budget.
London, April 14.—Chancellor of the Exchequer Hicks-Beach presented the budget in the house of commons yesterday. He said the trying periods of last year's Spanish-American war and the differences on the Niger and the Nile had no prejudicial effect on the country's revenue, the result for the year being a small surplus. He estimated the expenditure for the coming year at \$112,927,000, an increase of \$6,098,000 over last year, the total increase of expenditures during the last four years being no less than \$19,076,000. If this increase was to continue, the speaker pointed out, parliament must agree to a large increase in taxation or discover new and productive sources of revenue, or the result would be a reaction against great expenditure, and he feared that such a reaction might impair the efficiency of the defensive services to the point in which they unhappily stood during the last generation.

An Embalmer's Testimony.
Washington, April 14.—At the army court of inquiry yesterday Rudolph K. Spicer, a funeral director and embalmer of Harrisburg, who had served in Porto Rico, said he had paid special attention to the meat issue. The cooks had found it necessary to cut off two or three inches of the refrigerator beef because of the greenish discoloration. "I also noticed crystalline scales on this meat," he said. "It was generally in the cravies and joints, and it immediately occurred to me that some article like soda or boracic acid had been used on the meat, such as we embalmers use on human bodies when they begin to crack." He had eaten of this meat only once and it made him sick. Mr. Spicer found the canned roast beef slimy and disagreeable. Much of it had been thrown away by the men.

NUMEROUS ROBBERIES.
Laid at the Door of Willard Spaulding of Peabody, Mass.

Boston, April 14.—A dispatch from Peabody says that not for years has there been so much excitement in that district as followed the arrest of Willard Spaulding. A minister's son, and apparently one of the most respectable men in the district, his arrest on the charge of breaking and entering Mr. Howard's summer residence at North Reading and stealing furniture therefrom came as a shock to the community. They could scarcely credit the charge, but when the stolen goods were found in his house, and later he confessed to the robbery, the people of the neighborhood were astounded. But this is the least important part. The police soon gave out that they thought they were on the track leading to the solution of the numerous crimes, all baffling detection, which have astonished the people of that section during the last year or months. Many houses have been mysteriously robbed, and in several cases they were set on fire to hide the crimes. But most singular of all, there was a fearful murder which shocked the whole community. A year ago Easter Sunday Miss Annie Geary, a young girl, 18 years old, was found murdered near her home, and despite all the efforts of the police and detectives, the murderer has never been found.

Now it is believed by the police that the mysterious robberies and burnings, and the mysterious murder, are all part of one record of crime, and traceable to the same criminal or criminals. Furthermore, though the police have not charged Spaulding with the crime, they were started on the investigation by a singular remark which Spaulding made while being taken to the lockup after being arrested. He turned to one of the officers and blurted out: "It is a pity you could not find the man who killed Annie Geary; I wouldn't do anything like that."

It is the opinion of those who are cognizant of the facts in the case that Annie Geary was murdered by the party or parties who were committing the robberies of a year ago. It now seems almost certain that in some way she came to learn who was the robber and firebug, and that she was killed to prevent her from disclosing his identity. Annie Geary's father was suspected of being a party to numerous breaks in the country houses surrounding West Peabody. One day the police sharply interrogated the girl about her father and the suspicious resting against him. She stoutly denied that her father was a robber or that suspicion could honestly be directed against him. She told the police "to look for people more respected in the community and they could find the guilty persons."

She would not tell whom she meant, but the police believed that by proceeding slowly she would divulge what she knew. One of the houses robbed was close by the Geary farm. Investigation showed that in taking the plunder away, the robbers had crossed the Geary road. It is supposed that Annie saw the man and recognized him. The principal hope the police held to was that the girl, to clear her father, would say whom she meant. All this got about among the people there. The choice morsel of news that Annie furnished was carried from one farm to another, and was widely discussed. An arrest of some well-to-do resident was expected daily. While the people were talking of probabilities, the murder of the young girl took place. Her body was found by the roadside with the head crushed in. No motive was ever found for the murder. The principal theory—that of assault—was not substantiated by the slightest fact.

A half-witted young man, who lived on the Geary farm, was suspected, but not arrested. He never attempted to escape, and is still living with the Gearys. Spaulding was not married and lived alone, cooking his own meals and associating with no one. He kept a horse and several teams, which he admits to the police were very handy in taking away the plunder. It was by the team he owned that his arrest was accomplished. Spaulding is 49 years old. His father was a member of the legislature. Both of his parents were much esteemed in the county circles. He was brought up in private schools.

Suspicion of Foul Play.
Pawtucket, R. I., April 14.—The body of a man apparently about 60 years of age, and supposed to be John Thayer, a farmer at Limerock, was found on the railroad track near an overhead bridge, a short distance above the Pawtucket station, last night. The body was terribly mangled, and the authorities entertain suspicions that foul play may have been the cause of death, and that the body was thrown from a bridge to the railroad tracks and became mangled by a passing train.

COURT CLOSING. THE BEEF WAS GOOD.

Inquiry Will End in a Few Days. The General Miles Witnesses Will Not Be Examined. The General May Testify.

Washington, April 14.—The court of beef inquiry has decided to examine no more witnesses after the close of this week unless in exceptional cases. The men expected were unavoidably detained. General Miles will not be heard, if at all, until next week, but will not be called except upon his own request. There are several witnesses still to be examined, but court will expedite the close. In accordance with this decision the court will not hear all the additional witnesses whose names have been suggested by General Miles. Some of them will, however, be called and those will include Inspector General Breckinridge. No additional report of officers will be received except in cases where made by officers who have already testified, or whose reports have been read and, excepting also, reports of officers not on duty at Santiago or Porto Rico. Dr. C. P. Adams, surgeon of the New Jersey regiment was the first witness today. He and the other witnesses following were called to testify concerning the condition of affairs of that regiment as complained about by Dr. Currie. Dr. Adams said he did not in any case attribute the sickness of troops at Jacksonville to the government rations. He had heard nothing from Dr. Currie, or his chemical tests with fresh beef. He had been told of the doctor's observations concerning the effects of the butcher's knife blade in discoloring meat, but investigations failed to corroborate the statement. Dr. Chas. R. Blundell, assistant surgeon of the Second New Jersey agreed with Mr. Adams that no sickness had been caused by government food, nor had he ever heard of any chemical tests by Dr. Currie. He had heard nothing of this matter until his return home. "Furthermore," he said, he had charge of the sick of the regiment while the rifle range was in course of construction and there was no such sickness in the detachment as has been testified to." He did not think the men could have been so sick as represented without his knowledge. Dr. Blundell said he found the meat bad in some instances, but as a rule it was wholesome.

THE SAMOAN MATTER.
Announced Definitely that the Three Powers Have Agreed on Commission.

Washington, April 14.—After hearing this morning from the British and German embassies, the state department was enabled to announce positively and finally that the three parties to the Berlin treaty had agreed on instructions to their Samoan commissioners, and it was certain the commission will leave San Francisco the 25th on the Badger for Samoa. Berlin, April 14.—The minister of foreign affairs announced in the Reichstag today that an agreement had been arrived at with Great Britain in regard to sending a commission to Samoa. The Samoan commission will sail for Apia on the transport Badger, leaving San Francisco on the 25th inst. This arrangement was made yesterday after Baron Sternberg, first secretary of the German embassy, had called on Secretary Hay and advised him of his appointment as the German member of the high commission. This completed the body. The formal announcement of Baron Sternberg's appointment was received from the German foreign office and gave general satisfaction among officials and diplomats, as throughout the recent troubles he exerted his influence in such manner as to win the heartiest approval of the state department as well as the British ambassador. His choice, therefore, was accepted as an evidence that the commissioners would be able to cooperate and to reach the unanimous decision called for by the agreement. The early sailing of the commission is regarded as evidence that the recent collision at Apia will be settled diplomatically. Baron Sternberg comes of a distinguished German family.

Sheridan's Unfortunate Trip.
Manila, April 14.—The transport Sheridan from New York, February 19, with the Twelfth and a battalion of the Seventeenth Infantry, arrived this morning. Three privates and six children died from pneumonia en route. Lieut. Meyer fell overboard and was drowned.

Vice President Hobart is reported to be improving, though he has not yet sufficiently recovered to leave his room.

CHINESE REFUGEE. FLEEING TO LONDON.

Will Make His Home There Until the Reforms He Advocated are Made in China, to Prevent Dismemberment of Empire.

Vancouver, B. C., April 14.—Kang You Wei, the fugitive from China, has arrived here from Victoria, accompanied by a retinue of Chinese and Japanese servants. From here Kang will proceed to London, at which place he expects to make his home until the last part of the reforms advocated by himself have been brought to pass in China. He said: "It is only a matter of time before China will have to put into operation the reforms which I say she needs, or else the internal dissensions or of foreign aggression will result in the dismemberment of the empire." The reforms which Kang is anxious to establish for his native country are: Representative party government, a system of national banks, state ownership of mines and railroads, free education, both elementary and advanced and including the establishment of technical schools and government seminaries for military and naval training and monetary reform.

SAY STATE'S YOUNG DEMOCRATS
Declare Themselves as Opposed to the Administration's Policy in the Philippines.

Boston, April 14.—At a special meeting of the Young Men's Democratic club of Massachusetts a declaration of principles was adopted and issued for publication. The club declares that it is contrary to the American principles of civil liberty for the United States to force its sovereignty upon unwilling peoples. It believes that the inhabitants of the Philippine islands have a right to erect an independent government for themselves. It believes that our native industries and our foreign commerce will best be promoted by sparing our producers the heavy burden of taxation inseparable from the adoption of an un-American system of militarism. It believes that the patriotic soldiers who enter their country's service have a right to demand that the President of the United States shall guard their lives and welfare rather than jeopardize them by paying his party debts with his appointments to office. It believes that the trusts are disastrous to the interests of the laborer, the merchant and the consumer. In addition, it reaffirms its declarations in regard to national issues, and to the conduct of state affairs.

Mr. Conally at the Head.
Chicago, April 14.—The Catholic congress organization was made perfect yesterday by the election of Mr. Thomas Conally as president, and the appointment of a number of standing committees. The delegates then went into secret session to discuss "The Drift Toward Non-Catholic Colleges and Universities." Very Rev. L. A. Delurey, president of St. Thomas college, Villanova, Pa., read a paper on the subject. At the close of the executive session, the convention adjourned to meet the first Wednesday after Easter in 1900.

NEWS IN BRIEF.
The postoffice department, in developing the service in Alaska, has arranged for communication between Unalakleet and the mouth of the Nushagak river, where salmon canneries are located. The town of Pomeroy, Ia., was partially burned. Loss, between \$75,000 and \$100,000. Pomeroy was destroyed by a cyclone in 1898, and 40 people were killed. Chancellor McCracken of the University of the City of New York made announcements of gifts to the institution, of which he is head, amounting to nearly \$200,000. The big combination of all the coal interests on the Monongahela river predicted several weeks ago is now an assured fact. The combination will be capitalized at \$30,000,000. Jerry Marshall defeated Eddie Daly at Baltimore in nine rounds of what was scheduled for a 20-round contest. President McKinley has been appealed to by the alcalde of the city of Guaymas, Porto Rico, to issue an order turning over the cemeteries in the island to the municipalities. The steamer Arcturus landed 315 men here yesterday from Hango, 202 arrived a few days ago, and all report that many more are coming as soon as possible. Acting President Crane of Cornell announces that owing to the absence of President Schurman there will be no formal celebration of the anniversary of the birth of the late Senator Morrill of Vermont. The bill to create a single headed police commission in New York city has been defeated in the senate by a vote of 23 to 25. Herbert J. Gladstone, son of the late William E. Gladstone, has accepted the position of chief whip of the Liberal opposition. The two additional British warships ordered to Samoa increase the British fleet in those waters to five. Governor Roosevelt has signed the first of the New York police bills which provides that the attorney general may designate one of his deputies to conduct the prosecution of violators of the election franchise in the metropolitan election districts of New York city.

Novelties In Hats and Caps

For men and boys are on our shelves and include all the late spring shapes and shades and the new advance summer styles. We are sole representatives in this city for several of the best hat makers in this country and keep you in touch with the newest productions.

New Stiff Hats
Include light hickory shades in the different grades. An entirely new line of Cutting Corner No. 99 at \$1.50 and worth \$2.00. New Cuttings, New Guyers and New Franklins.

New Tourist Hats
Are here in great numbers and variety of style. Small shapes in new colorings for young men. Medium shapes in moderate colors for men and the large shapes in black and brown for elderly men. Our high qualities and low prices go hand in hand, \$1.00 to \$5.00.

New Crush Hats
Are rather more summery in appearance and include a large line of new shades and makes at 50c, the largest assortment ever shown by us at \$1.00 and some very novel and new shapes and shades for nobby young men at \$1.50 and \$2.00.

New Caps
For men and boys are very bright and attractive. We also have the more subdued colors including a fine line of blue and black.

SEE OUR CORNER WINDOWS.
C. H. CUTTING & CO.

Wedding Gifts
In Cut Glass and Sterling Silver, the latter in Handsome Cases. We do our own engraving. Belt Buckles for sash Ribbons and Collar Buckles in Sterling Silver, Gilt and Enamel.
Remember, Watch Repairing is our Specialty.
L. M. Barnes 3 Wilson House
B'k, Main St.

A Good Chance To Get a Mackintosh
A collection of about 25 garments, men's sizes only. Mackintoshes that have been \$12.00, \$10.00 and \$8.00, choice of lot FIVE DOLLARS—36 to 41—the accumulation of two or three seasons. Saturday morning in front window, pick out your size. A few damaged ones at ONE DOLLAR EACH.

Masons, Carpenters and other trades get the best Work Clothes here. Suit of Overalls and Coat, white duck, blue Otis check, black stripe, plain black and blue denim, 75 cents for suit or 38 cents each.
LEBANON OVERALLS and Coats, the best in the country, 50 cents each—all sizes, 34 to 50. No extra charge for the biggest sizes

SPECIAL SHIRT OFFER TODAY.
BARNARD & CO.

Deerfield River Ice Co.,
Successors to J. H. Orr & Co.

We are prepared to furnish ice for domestic and refrigeration purposes. Our agents will call and give prompt and careful attention to all who may patronize us.

A. G. Formhals, Hugh Michaels, Amos Houghton
will deliver ice to the domestic trade, while
Thomas H. Knuckey

will attend to the markets. We intend to cover the entire city territory in a systematic manner, so that everyone who desires to buy our ice may have the opportunity. Anyone who has been missed by our agents and who desires to be served with our ice, can address a postal card to us or telephone to us and he will receive prompt attention.

Deerfield River Ice Co.,
Office, 59 State Street. Telephone 49-5. North Adams

Fashionable Millinery.
My stock of Hats is one of the largest ever shown in North Adams. Not only do I have the largest line of goods to select from, but I am prepared to turn out the most artistic work. Long experience, thorough knowledge of buying and for cash, enables me to give my patrons the best for the least money, which they will appreciate more than display.

M. S. SOUTHWICK, Agt
Leading Milliner of North Adams, 95 MAIN STREET.

INSURANCE of all Kinds
TINKER & RANSFORD.
Office over Adams National Bank. The Leading Art

WILLIAMSTOWN.

HIGH SCHOOL PLAY.

The Franco-German society of the high school have decided on the play which they will present in the opera house in about a month. The play will be "The Quakers" written by W. D. Howells. The cast of characters is as follows: Steward Sherman and Miss Florence Heap will take the leading parts and the other members of the cast will be Miss Bessie Hull, Miss Mollie Neyland, Miss Julia Prindle, Ernest Tower, Elwood Wood and Roger Rice. The services of H. H. Lehman, Williams '99, will coach the players. The play will be given for the benefit of the high school athletic association.

POOL CONTESTS.

There were two pool contests at Ames' Redding's pool and billiard parlors last evening. Connors of North Adams was defeated by William of this town by a score of 100 to 95. There was also a contest between Geo. Darrow and Chas. Gamwell, the latter winning out by 4 points. Both games were very close and hard fought, the contestants being very well matched.

CHESS CLUB DANCE.

The Crescent chess club gave a dance in G. A. R. hall last evening. Although the attendance was rather small, those that were present had a very enjoyable time. Music was furnished by Porter's orchestra.

A box or basket social will be held in the parish room of St. John's church on Friday evening, April 14. The "lunch for two" contained in each box will be sold at a trifling figure and an enjoyable evening is anticipated.

Barn to rent with 5 stalls. Inquire of C. B. Fowler, East Main street.

All qualified voters residing in and paying a fire district tax are requested to see if their names are entered on the list of voters list in order to have the right of voting at fire district town meeting to be held April 23.

Miss Cragg returned to town today after a week's visit in New York.

The Ladies' Aid society will give a dime supper tonight at the home of W. O. Adams on Union street.

Rev. W. W. Ranney was in town yesterday.

N. H. Sabin arrived in town yesterday.

C. F. Beverly will move to Berkshire Monday.

Rev. John Bradford Shaw of New York city is in town for a few days.

Frank Pratt has purchased a driving horse from Cecil Crandall.

Frank Daniels who is in New York will return home today.

A large party of Williamstown people attended the concert in North Adams Wednesday evening.

Miss Elizabeth Wheldon arrived in town today for a short visit to her sister Miss Anna Wheldon.

Mrs. Arthur Dunn of Stamford, Vt., is visiting at Mr. Norman Ransford's.

Coach Gamwell has taken the agency for the F. B. Morse shoe. The shoe is made with an elastic top. Mr. Gamwell was at one time interested in the patenting of this shoe top.

Cards are out for the wedding of Salem F. Towne of this town to Sylvia E. Chittenden of Hancock, N. Y. The wedding will take place at the home of Rev. Mr. Sherdon of Hancock, April 26. Both are well known in this town.

Dorothy Peas who has been visiting her uncle, Chas. S. Cole, on Depot street has returned to her home in Watervliet, N. Y.

Paul Rose of Steventown, N. Y., is in town for a few days.

Thomas McMahon is spending a few days in New York city.

Mrs. Bushnell Danforth has returned to her home in New York city after a short visit with friends and relatives in town.

Frank Curtis was hit in the mouth yesterday forenoon with a baseball, knocking out some of his front teeth and giving him a very bad lip.

Mrs. Taffette Nichols is visiting at Mr. Hull's house on Depot street.

A college basketball team, who go by the name of the "Rough Riders" played the Fitchburg team at Fitchburg Wednesday evening and defeated them by a score of 24 to 15.

There will be a meeting of the A. O. U. W. tonight, after which they will give a social.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Use Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

For First Class

Repairing on Watches, Clocks, Gold Spectacles, Etc.,

Go to Ransford's

He also carries a fine line of Silver Novelties, Watches, Rings and Jewelry of all kinds.

Best Goods at Bottom Prices.

Moore's Block,

Near Methodist Church.

A Ton of Comfort

Goes with every ton of coal which leaves our yard. Our

Pittston Coal

Is free from stone or slate and is economical.

Frederick Mather, Agt

Office in D. W. Noyes' store, Spring Street, Williamstown.

DR. CHARLES D. TRETT, Dentist.

Water, 02327 Main Street, Williamstown, Mass.

DR. C. T. KINSMAN, Dentist.

Noyes' block, Spring St., Williamstown.

Graylock Stables Opened

The Graylock Stables are now open for business. Teams furnished at reasonable rates. Prompt and careful attention to all orders. Single, double and four-horse rigs furnished at short notice.

C. A. WEST, Manager.

The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

AS VIEWED ABROAD.

London, April 14.—The Daily Chronicle remarks editorially this morning that, if Lord Salisbury has yielded on the question of unanimity, the Samoan commission may as well save itself the voyage.

The Standard prints the following dispatch from Berlin: The tension between Great Britain and Germany over the Samoan question has somewhat increased since yesterday (Wednesday), the conference between Baron Von Buelow (German minister of foreign affairs) and Sir Frank Lescolles (British ambassador at Berlin) having failed to settle all the disputed points.

The Berlin correspondent of The Times says: The Roman Catholicism of Mataafa has been made the most of by the German press, and Maheta Tanus is described as the candidate of a London missionary society, at whose station Chief Justice Chambers was a guest for many months.

The Berlin newspapers continue their bitter comments on Great Britain. The semi-official Post strongly urges the reluctance to place at the government's disposal forthwith the whole amount of the appropriations passed in annual instalments for the naval increase.

Acceptable to Canada.

Washington, April 14.—When the United States government recently proposed a modus vivendi on the Alaskan boundary to overcome the possibility of a lawless outbreak pending a final adjustment, the British authorities referred the proposition to the Canadian authorities at Ottawa. The Ottawa government has responded with an acceptance of the general idea of a modus vivendi. This must now go to the British foreign office.

Can Read His Own Obituary.

London, April 14.—The Press association of this city yesterday announced in unmistakable terms the death of John S. Sargent, the American artist. All the afternoon papers here printed the announcement, and some of them contained lengthy and appreciative reviews of Mr. Sargent's career. Investigation showed the report to be untrue. Mr. Sargent is alive and enjoying good health.

Ball Players Don't Like It.

Washington, April 14.—During the practice games of the various baseball clubs it was found that the balk rule adopted by the national league was unsatisfactory. The old rule, in relation to the bases, provided that a motion made by the pitcher to throw to any base without delivering the ball should be a balk. A change has been adopted so as to make the rule apply to first base only.

Gaynor a Dissenter.

New York, April 14.—Justice William J. Gaynor of the supreme court of Brooklyn has written to the chairman of the 31 dinner, under the auspices of the Chicago platform Democrats, declining the invitation to attend, on the ground that he would be unable to agree with all the 31 dinner stands for.

Again on Duty.

Boston, April 14.—The steamer Admiral Dewey, which went ashore at Cuttyhunk some time ago, and was brought here for repairs, left the Atlantic works yesterday for Jamaica, where she will load with fruit and return to Boston. She carried one passenger and no freight.

THE PHONOGRAPH.

Some of the Puzzles That the Interesting Invention Presents.

"There are lots of mysterious things about the phonograph that puzzle even those who are most familiar with their mechanism," remarked a gentleman who has had long experience in the talking machine business. "As a matter of fact, no scientist has ever been able to explain exactly why the thing talks. They say a 'duplicate vibration' is set up, but when you pin them down they all are obliged to admit that they don't know why the operation of the transmitter should produce any such result. Then, again, the difficulty in recording certain tones has always been a puzzle.

"The most improved form of the machine has, as you know, an extremely large cylinder, nearly four times the size of the ordinary one, and for some unknown reason it very materially increases the volume of sound. It would seem, then, to be a logical inference that the bigger the cylinder the louder the tone, and, proceeding on that theory, a very bright young electrician of this city started the other day to build an instrument that was really gigantic.

"He put it together without much trouble and made an experimental cylinder nearly a foot in diameter. I was present when it was tested. Every part of the machine worked perfectly, and a beautifully engraved record was secured, but when the transmitter was attached we were astonished to find that the sound was barely audible. As nearly as we could figure it out the tone was magnified up to a certain point by making the cylinder larger, but beyond that the process was reversed, and it was progressively diminished. Queer, wasn't it?"—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Sorensen.

When night's dark, star gemmed curtain falls,

This concert never fails—

The Thomas can be seen the walls

And afterwards the scales.

—L. A. W. Bulletin

Court Compliments.

"You forget yer court manners," said the Billville justice to the green lawyer.

"In address of this here court you must allow say, 'Yar honor!'"

"Cookey here, Bill," said the lawyer.

"Don't yer put me none or yer court ally with me, or I'll put some law in yer head by buyin' yer side or it with this here Georgy code!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Many tobacco smokers think their life away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Our guarantee: "Satisfy or sample from 'Addiction Busting Remedy Co., Chicago or New York."

DEMOCRACY.

Its Principles Outlined
by W. J. Bryan.Party Will Adhere to the
Chicago Platform of 1896.Declaration That the Finan-
cial Issue Is Not Dead.Gold Standard, Paper Money and In-
dustrial Trusts Identical.Lessons to Be Drawn From the Recent War
With Spain Touched Upon.

Milwaukee, April 14.—William J. Bryan spoke on the policy of the Democracy at the banquet of the Jefferson club here last night. He said:

"We are now near enough to the next campaign to be able to form some idea of the lines along which the contest will be fought, and I am taking no risk when I say that those who in 1896 gave their allegiance to the Chicago platform are as united today in the determination that no step taken in 1896 shall be retraced. That platform applied to the condition then existing, the principles which had been Democratic from the beginning of the government. Suggestions that we abandon the money question some times come from those who deserted the party in 1896, but those suggestions are not supported by evidence tending to show that the position in 1896 was wrong, but was predicated upon the theory that the issue upon which the party once lost can never be revived, and what seems most strange this argument is made by those who have followed a different course in the past.

"In 1888 Mr. Cleveland was defeated on the tariff issue, and yet the tariff was made the main issue in 1892, and Mr. Cleveland was elected. In 1892 Mr. Harrison was defeated largely on account of the McKinley bill, and four years later the author of the bill was nominated upon a platform reaffirming the belief in protection, and was successful. Thus it is seen that in two instances recently a losing issue in one campaign became a winning issue in the campaign following.

"The test ought to be not whether the issue has been presented before, but whether the position taken is right. If the gold standard was unmerited in 1896 it is unmerited now. If its maintenance was a detriment to the interests of the people of this country then it is a detriment now. If in 1896 it was hurtful that the Republicans promised to put forth their best efforts to substitute international bimetallism for it, and after the election was still so hurtful that the president sent a commission to Europe to secure foreign aid in abandoning it, what has happened since then to make the American people accept it as a blessing? If an increased discovery of gold in Alaska has been of advantage to the United States, it is but another evidence that the quantitative theory of money is correct. If a large balance of trade in favor of the United States gives any relief because of the money thus brought into the country, it is an additional argument in favor of the quantitative theory of money.

"Bimetallists have contended that times will be made better by the return of the double standard, and by the increased supply of standard money thus furnished for the business of the country. While it is unnecessary to discuss the question of ratio until some other ratio is proposed, it may not be out of place to suggest that 16 to 1, being the ratio at which the present gold and silver coins circulate, is the natural ratio at which the metals should be re-opeated. To increase the ratio by increasing the size of the silver dollar would necessitate the recoinage of our present silver dollars into a less number of dollars, and the increase of the ratio made throughout the world would result in a large decrease in the volume of standard money, and since the value of a dollar depends on the number of dollars such a change will necessarily increase the purchasing power of a dollar, and increase the burden of its debts. It would be equivalent to a transfer by legislation of a vast amount of wealth from the producing classes to the money owning classes. The attempt of the Republican party to retire the greenbacks and substitute for them national bank notes, will give to that question a greater prominence than it enjoyed in 1896.

"The trusts are now absorbing an increasing share of public attention because of their rapid growth during the last two years. We had a sugar trust and an oil trust some years ago. We now have a biscuit trust and a match trust and a meat trust. In fact a trust in almost everything that is used. The milk trust reaches the infant as he enters the world, the ice trust cools him in the summer, the coal trust keeps him warm in the winter, while the coffin trust waits to receive him when life's fitful dream is over. The people are beginning to see what the principle of monopoly really means, and yet the principle of monopoly so plainly illustrated by the industrial trusts, does not differ at all from the principle of monopoly which underlies both the gold standard and the paper money trusts.

"The Democratic party is prepared to face the future and meet issues without abandoning the old.

"The Republican party has demanded that the standing army be increased to 100,000 men. It claims that the United States is in danger of the bur-geoning of a standing army from those born in European countries. Many Europeans who are now worthy citizens of this great republic left their European homes because of the burdens imposed by the enormous military establishments. A great army may be a good thing for the railroad companies which will carry them from place to place, and for the large contractors who will furnish food and raiment for the soldiers, but it is a distressing burden upon the plain people of the country, and especially upon the laboring men and the farmers, upon whom an unfair share of the load has fallen.

"When I was a boy I remember visiting a wheat field which had been attacked by army-worms. It occurs to me that this tendency toward a large army establishment—this new army worm—will prove more destructive to the crops of the farmer than the army worm with which the farmers are now familiar.

"Upon the subject of imperialism I need only to add a word. The idea of forcible conquest and of colonization after the plan adopted by European countries cannot receive the support of the people of this country when the principles involved are clearly understood. And the leaders of the Republican party are attempting to repudiate the doctrine of equal rights and of self-government given to us by the forefathers. Not only are they imitating the monarchies of the old world in their policies, but they are copying the language of monarchs in carrying out their policy.

"In the proclamation recently issued to the Philippines we find these words: 'The commission desires to assure the people of the Philippine islands of the cordial good will and fraternal feeling which is entertained for them by the President of the United States and by the American people. The aim and object of the American government, apart from the fulfillment of the solemn obligation it has assumed toward the family of nations by its acceptance of sovereignty over the Philippine islands, is the well-being, prosperity and protection of the Philippine people and their elevation and advancement to a position among the civilized peoples of the world.'

"Compare this with the language used by the queen in her proclamation to the people of India in 1858, when she said: 'We hold ourselves bound to the natives of our Indian territory by the same obligations of duty which bind us to our other subjects, and in their prosperity will be our strength, in their contentment our security, and in their gratitude our best reward.'

"It will be noticed that benevolence breathes through both declarations. And then as to their participation in government, a proclamation to the Philippines says: 'There shall be granted to the Philippine people an honest and effective civil service, in which to the fullest extent to which it is practicable, natives shall be employed.'

"The queen's proclamation reads: 'And it is our further will that so far as may be our subjects, of whatever race or creed, be fully and impartially admitted to offices in our service and duties of which they may be qualified by their education, ability and integrity duly to discharge.'

"And yet in spite of those promises made to the people of India 40 years ago the people of India today complain that the offices are filled by the younger sons of England.

"The policy of imperialism is always defended on the ground that it is for the good of the people governed, but we have never recognized the right of any nation to benevolently assimilate another nation."

Ex-Senator John L. Mitchell of Wisconsin devoted his entire address to an eulogy of Thomas Jefferson. John F. Doherty of Lacrosse answered to the sentiment "The Young Democracy;" Thomas I. Cleary of Plattville on "Party Honesty Is Party Duty;" Carter H. Harrison of Chicago responded to "Corruption in Politics;" Mayor David S. Rice of Milwaukee to "Imperialism;" Judge Hiram W. Sawyer of Hartford on "Small Trusts and Corporations Rule;" and George W. Peck on "If a Soldier Does Not Like His Rations—What?" Howard S. Taylor of Chicago read an original poem on Jefferson.

Banquet of New York Democrats.

New York, April 14.—The dinner of the Democratic club in honor of the anniversary of the birth of Thomas Jefferson was held last night at the Metropolitan Opera house. Looking from the tiers to the floor of the vast dining hall, the tables seemed like great beds of roses. The 32 tables were on either side of the guests' tables. Each table was piled with a mass of roses and ferns intertwined. So abundant were the flowers, that some of the guests were hardly able to see each other over the floral banks. There were fully 300 more guests than the 1500 planned for, but all found seats. This made a total of 1800 guests. Perry Belmont began to speak at 10 o'clock. He was followed by Justice Van Wyck, whose remarks were chiefly directed at trusts, the state railroads and the inadvisability of an alliance with Great Britain. The word "club" in the illuminated inscription "Democratic Club" on the stage vanished several times during the evening, the current having been turned off either by accident or intentionally. It left only "Democratic."

At the English Inn.

"Hannibody with art a heye could see you was a typical American."

"And what is a typical American?"

"One that gives tips freely, sir."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

enormous military establishments." A great army may be a good thing for the railroad companies which will carry them from place to place, and for the large contractors who will furnish food and raiment for the soldiers, but it is a distressing burden upon the plain people of the country, and especially upon the laboring men and the farmers, upon whom an unfair share of the load has fallen.

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A Tropical Forest.

Its giant oaks, chestnuts and magnolias are thickly draped with moss and wreaths of aerial orchids, ferns and festooning climbers and parasitic plants, which hang in great tufts and pendants, waving over the blue hydrangeas of the undergrowth. Some of the branches of these trees are perfect gardens in themselves. In the soft drapery of moist moss that thickly clothes their branches and in the beds of fine mold from the decaying leaves that fill their crevices are to be found, not only luxuriant clusters of exquisite orchids and many kinds of other epiphytic plants, but even large, woody shrubs and evergreens, with a variety of flowers and foliage.

A gorgeous feature of the forest is the blaze of crimson blossoms of the Magnolia campbelli. Here in its home it is a forest monarch over 80 feet high, and its huge flowers, like those of the cotton tree below, appear curiously on its bare branches before it leaves. White magnolias also abound, scenting the air with their fragrance. Delicately pink hydrangeas 18 to 20 feet high are common, and ferns are so numerous that over 60 species may be found along this forest road within a few miles.—"Travels in the Himalayas."

Deliberate Opinion.

"When I see some men," he said thoughtfully, "I am prepared to believe that we are actually descended from monkeys and that in certain cases it has been considerable of a descent."—Chicago Post.

Unusual.

"The Samoan government," remarked Mataafa to the court geometer, "is what you might call a triangular affair, isn't it?"

"Exactly so, your majesty."

"Well, I wish arrangements could be made to let me get quietly into one of the corners instead of being compelled to sit continually on an apex."—Washington Star.

Fishing Tackle...

If you need anything in this line call and see us. We are handling Abbey & Imbrie's celebrated goods and you know there are no better. We have

Poles, Nets, Lines, Reels, Flies, Hooks, Lines, Baskets.

Everything for a complete outfit. Call and see it.

F. E. Gurney,

59 Main Street.

Do You Want a Nice Home

At a Low Cost?

Look at No. 28, North Holden Street.

Look at No. 13, East Brooklyn Street.

Prices on these are away down, the terms liberal and there are others.

Remember—Every Description of Insurance.

HARVEY A. GALLUP,

BOLAND BLOCK.

Correct Styles.

Our Gents' Furnishings

Comprise the latest approved styles and shades in Neckwear, nobly up-to-date Collars and Cuffs, and if you wish to dress correctly, call and see us.

Domestic and Foreign Suitings

A beautiful line to select from. Exclusive patterns. You know a suit or pair of Trousers coming from our Tailoring Department has an approved and stylish finish so much desired by well dressed men.

P. J. BOLAND,

Importing Tailor, Boland Block

Munyon's Inhaler



Cures Grip, Cures Coughs, Cures Catarrh, Cures Sore Throat, Cures Lung Trouble.

Cures Colds, Cures Asthma, Cures Bronchitis, Cures Sore Throat, Cures Lung Trouble.

THOUSANDS HAVE BEEN CURED.

Price \$1.00

With everything complete, at all druggists or mailed from our office.

If you have Rheumatism take my Rheumatism Cure.

If you have Dyspepsia, take my Dyspepsia Cure.

If you have Kidney Disease, take my Kidney Cure.

ADAMS.

DEATH OF AN OLD RESIDENT.

Mrs. Rose Carter, aged 88 years, died at the home of her sister, in Chapin, Iowa, Wednesday. She was an old resident of this town, having been born here. She was the widow of the late James Carter. Her home until a couple of years ago was on Randall street. It will be remembered that she was run over by a runaway horse on Park street about a year ago, and was considerably bruised. From that time on she declined in health. After the accident she made her home with her sister, Mrs. N. M. Whitaker, of Park St. Last summer she went west and remained there ever since, intending to return this summer. Mrs. Carter was a woman of a quiet temperament and disposition and an earnest and devoted member of the Baptist church. She leaves four sisters, Mrs. N. M. Whitaker and Mrs. Edmund Anthony of this town, Mrs. Henry Reynolds of Nashville, Mich., and Mrs. Abner Ross of Chapin, Iowa.

The remains will be brought here for burial. Rev. H. B. Foskett will officiate.

PRIZE SPEAKING CONTEST.

The twenty-third medal contest will be held in the opera house Friday evening, April 21. An admission of 10 cents will be charged. Following is the program:

Dead on the Field of Honor, Chamberlain

Speech at Plymouth, Canning

The Dream of Auldin, Lippard

Extract—Dr. Sevier, Cable

Glancus, Mildred Jenks, Lytton

Problems of the Present, Depew

Under the Flag, Phillips

The Raven, Henry Copeland, Poe

Charlotte Leferriere, Poe

POLICE COURT NEWS.

Stanislaus Spryzania was in court this morning charged with attempt to rape. The complainant was Mrs. Coolish. Both are Poles. The defendant formerly boarded with the complainant. There was a lack of evidence in the case against Spryzania and he was discharged. The complainant was ordered to pay the costs of the court. Lawyer Cassidy represented the defendant and Lawyer Shaw appeared for the commonwealth. The continued case against the Pluie brothers and Masters Pollett and Charon for larceny of chickens was disposed of Thursday morning. One Pluie was fined \$7, the other \$5 and Charon was fined \$7 and Pollett \$5. The Chinamen were fined \$7 and \$5 for receiving stolen property.

ABOUT MAXIMILIAN DICK.

It is not only Europe that can produce musical prodigies. Our own American West has sent at least one out into the world. Maximilian Dick, who was heard here this winter and whose steady improvement year by year gives promise of great things yet to come. *Mussey's Magazine*, Easter number 1898.

Hear him at the violin recital in the Baptist church next Tuesday evening. Tickets at Thompson's pharmacy.

"THE SOLDIER'S VOW."

Rice's comedians played to a good house Thursday evening. The play was interesting and the new illustrated songs, war views and moving pictures were as pleasing as ever. This evening the play will be "A Soldier's Vow." It is a strong play and ought to draw a crowded house. The specialties tonight will all be new. Remember the matinee is tomorrow afternoon at the regular prices. The play will be "The Convict's Daughter."

THE DATE SET.

Word has been received from District Deputy Marshal of Pittsfield that the new council of the Knights of Columbus will be instituted in Dalton Tuesday evening, May 3. At that time local candidates will take the third degree. It is probable that the local and North Adams societies will charter a special train on the Boston and Albany.

A LOW RATE OF INTEREST SECURED.

A town loan of \$20,000 has been awarded to Adams & Co. of Boston at 2.57 per cent interest. The bidders were all Boston firms and their bids were as follows: Adams & Co., 2.97; Blodgett, Merrett & Co., 3.07; R. L. Day & Co., 3.00; Parkinson & Burr, 3.33; Estabrook & Co., 3.17. The loan is payable October 3, 1899.

FORESTERS' MEETING.

The Foresters held their regular meeting Thursday evening. One new application was received and one candidate was initiated. Dr. Boom was made chairman of the music committee. The meeting night has been changed from the second and fourth Thursdays to the second and fourth Tuesdays. The second degree will be worked at the next meeting.

The Adams free library has become a member of the Massachusetts Library Art club. This enables the local library to use in turn all of the "loan pictures" belonging to the club. The first set of pictures which are the Solia photographs of Alpine scenery will arrive April 18 and remain on exhibition at the library building until May 2.

The Sons of St. George will not celebrate their patron's day locally but will join with the North Adams society in their celebration there.

E. Alderman of Grove street has purchased the Bowen property on Grove street.

Sgt. Holden has been re-elected superintendent of streets. The appointment gives general satisfaction, "nuff sed."

E. G. Ingraham has been elected officer of the guard of George E. Sayles post, G. A. R., in place of Marshal Robare, who has left town.

Mrs. E. W. Blood of Cheshire is the guest of Mrs. S. Tanner of Randall street.

A delegation from the F. M. T. A. society will attend the Father Mathew fair in Dalton Saturday evening. A concert will be furnished by local talent.

The Renfrew Caledonian club will observe their fourth anniversary at their hall in Renfrew this evening. There will be a musical program interspersed with speeches. Refreshments will be served.

The Ideal orchestra of Renfrew will hold a social and dance in the Foresters' hall this evening.

The Daughters of Rebekah will meet as usual this evening.

The Cecelia club met and were entertained at the home of Miss Edith Hall, Thursday evening.

George A. Mole has returned from Harvard university for a short vacation.

Mrs. W. S. Jenks went to New York city Thursday.

Asa Harrington of Liberty street lost a valuable bay mare Wednesday night. The animal died of colic.

The regular meeting of the Adams whist club will be held this evening.

M. O. Larkin of Holyoke visited friends here Thursday.

Clarence Moore of Pittsfield spent Thursday afternoon with friends in town.

William Bowe has returned to Rutland, Vt., after spending a few days at his home on Spring street.

Miss Anna Cassidy of North Adams visited friends here Thursday.

Patrick Carey of Renfrew has returned from Arlington, N.J., where he visited his brother Thomas, who was seriously ill. The latter has nearly recovered now.

Now is the time to pay dog taxes. They should be paid before May 1 or trouble is likely to ensue.

CATARH OF THE STOMACH.

A Pleasant, Simple, Safe But Effective Cure for It.

Catarh of the stomach has long been considered the next thing to incurable.

The usual symptoms are a full or bloated sensation after eating, accompanied some times with sour or watery risings, a formation of gases, causing pressure on the lungs and heart and difficult breathing; headache, flicker appetite, nervousness and a general played out and languid feeling.

There is often a foul taste in the mouth, coated tongue, and if the interior of the stomach could be seen it would show a slimy, inflamed condition.

The cure for this common and obstinate disease is found in a treatment which causes the food to be readily and thoroughly digested before it has time to ferment and irritate the delicate mucous surfaces of the stomach.

To secure a prompt and healthy digestion is the one necessary thing to do, and when normal digestion is secured the catarrhal condition will have disappeared.

According to Dr. Harlanston the safest and best treatment is to use after each meal a tablet, composed of Duxastre, Aseptic Pepsin, a little Nuc, Golden Seal and fruit acids.

These tablets can now be found at all drug stores under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and not being a patent medicine, can be used with perfect safety and assurance that healthy appetite and thorough digestion will follow their regular use after meals.

Mr. N. J. Booher, of 2710 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill., writes: "Catarh is a local condition resulting from a neglected cold in the head whereby the lining membrane of the nose becomes inflamed and the poisonous discharge therefrom, passing back into the throat, reaches the stomach, thus producing catarrh of the stomach. Medical authorities prescribe for me several years for catarrh of the stomach without cure, but today I am the happiest of men after using only one box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I cannot find appropriate words to express my feeling. I have found flesh, appetite and sound rest from their use."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the safest preparation as well as the simplest and most convenient remedy for any form of indigestion, catarrh of the stomach, biliousness, sour stomach, heartburn and bloating after eating.

Send for book, mailed free, on stomach troubles, by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich. The tablets can be found at all drug stores.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means clear skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic, clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets, beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

THE HOMELIEST MAN IN NORTH ADAMS.

As well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get a free trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is guaranteed to cure and relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Price 25c and 50c.

DO YOU DRINK COFFEE.

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grain. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee. It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the strengthening substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer. Follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 10c and 25c."

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c. C. C. & Co. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

40 new choice patterns of Axminster, Body Brussels, Velvets and Tapestry Carpets. The pick of the markets. Prices lower than elsewhere. Examine. Our prices include make, line and lay. R. N. RICHMOND, Dean street, Adams.

ADAMS OPERA HOUSE

One Solid Week, commencing MONDAY, APRIL 10TH.

Matinee Saturday Only.

Leading Repertoire Organization

RICE'S COMPANY.

Direction GEORGE PECK.

REPERTOIRE:

Monday Even., April 10th, Big Production THE MINE KING.

Tuesday, All in the Family

Wednesday, A Dangerous Woman

Thursday, Uncle Jonathan

Friday, The Soldier's Vow

Saturday, The Counterfeiters

PRICES, 10c, 20c and 30c

Seats at Mole's Drug Store

OLD AGE.

Yer wants a job, yer daw, An' yer only sixty-two! Stranks, we're all the paralytics as we're needin' withat, yew!

This ain't no bloom'n' capital, this factory is not! We takes on men that's young an' smart an' strong an' on the spot,

An' that's whot yer say, my friend, most by a tery lot! It ain't no yooce ter try,

So take an' jassaw away! Ther's the young 'uns close be'ed yer, an' yer blockin' up the wye!

An' whur are yer ter go? 'Ow the dickens shud I know? Ther's no 'ungerin' fur yer when yer sixty-two or so!

Yer 'as a fast clews character, yer don't go on the loose, Yer've got a bit of strength still left as yer'd be prard ter yooce,

But ev'rywhur yer awks fur wuk yer finds as they refuse, An' ev'rywhur yer told,

Yer're art, right art, clean howled! Aye, the sun that's pawst furgin is the sin of bein' old!

An' ther's nothin' as yer'll get—Penshin' schemes is off, yer heil! Ther's nothin' as yer'll get—Penshin' schemes is off, yer heil!

Now is the time to pay dog taxes. They should be paid before May 1 or trouble is likely to ensue.

With the growth of thirity 'abits it is wrong er interfere, Likewise we 'as'n't got no twenty mallyin' er interfere,

An' one thing is too different, an' toether thing's too deer, Old age 'as done yer trick, So jest yer mawch off quick!

Ther's the wuk 'er 'as on the com'er try—yer've got yer wuk ter pick!

—London Chronicle.

A LITTLE JOKE.

BY RUDYARD KIPLING.

A day or two before Easter I was sitting in my office finishing up some scraps of work and ever and anon casting happy glances at my portmanteau, which stood in the corner.

I was just off to spend a fortnight with my old friend Colonel Gunton, in Norfolk, and I was looking forward to seeing him again with great pleasure. We had not met for ten years, and I had never been to his place or seen any of his family.

The telephone bell rang. "Oh, confound it! I hope that's nothing to keep me!" I exclaimed, and I rose to see to it.

"Mr. Miller, are you there?" "Yes."

"All right, I'll come round." A few minutes passed and then my clerk announced, "A lady to see you, sir."

A remarkably pretty girl of about 18 was ushered in. She stood still some way from the door was closed. Then she suddenly rushed toward me, fell at my feet and exclaimed, "You will protect me, won't you?"

"My dear young lady, what in the world?" "You're the famous Mr. Miller, aren't you—Mr. Joseph Miller, the philanthropist?"

"My name is Joseph Miller, certainly." "Ah! Then I am safe!" And she sat down in an armchair and smiled confidently at me.

"Madam," said I sternly, "will you have the goodness to explain to what I owe the pleasure of this visit?" "They told me to come to you."

"Who?" "Why, the people at the police station." "The police station?"

"Yes, when they let me go—because it was a first offense, you know. They said you always took up cases like mine, and that if I stuck to you I should be well looked after."

It was quite true that I had taken an interest in rescuing young persons from becoming habitual criminals, but I was hardly prepared for this.

"What have you been doing?" "Oh, nothing this time—only a bracelet."

"This time?" "They didn't know me up here," she explained smilingly. "I've always practiced in the country. Wasn't it lucky? But really, Mr. Miller, I'm tired of it; I am indeed. The life is too exciting—the doctors say so—so I've come to you."

The case was a strange one, but I had no time to investigate it now. It wanted only half an hour to the time my train left Liverpool street.

"What is your name?" I asked. "Sarah Jones."

"Well, I will have your case looked into. Come and see me again, or, if you are in distress, you may write to me—at Colonel Gunton's, Beech Hill, Norfolk. I shall be staying there."

"Going now?" "I start in a few minutes."

"Oh, I'll come with you!" "Madam," I answered with emphasis, "I will see you—out of the office first."

"But what am I to do? Oh, it's nonsense! I shall come. I shall say I belong to you."

I rang the bell. "Show this lady out, Thomas, at once."

She laughed, bowed and went—evidently a most impudent hussy. I finished my business, drove to Liverpool street and established myself in a first class smoking carriage. I was alone and settled myself for a comfortable cigar. I was rudely interrupted. Just as the train was starting, the door opened—and that odious young woman jumped in!

"There! I nearly missed you!" she said.

"I can hold no communication with you," I said severely. "You are a disgrace to your—er—sex."

"It's all right, I've wired to the colonel."

"You've wired to my friend, Colonel Gunton?"

"Yes; I didn't want to surprise them. I said you would bring a friend with you. It's all right, Mr. Miller."

"I don't know who you are or what you are, but the Guntons are respectable people, and I am a respectable man, and—"

"That's no reason why you should Pearl because panic stricken, explaining that it was a piece of extravagance on her part, and that she had expended on this piece of goods, which she could not possibly use before next fall, a large part of her weekly allowance. She likewise declared that she was afraid to take it home lest her husband should upbraid her. Accordingly, she agreed to leave it with Mrs. Nuwed for a day or two, until she could smuggle it home. And this is how Mrs. Nuwed came to covet her neighbor's goods. By the time

It Cures Where Others Fail To Even Relieve.

Yer wants a job, yer daw, An' yer only sixty-two! Stranks, we're all the paralytics as we're needin' withat, yew!

This ain't no bloom'n' capital, this factory is not! We takes on men that's young an' smart an' strong an' on the spot,

An' that's whot yer say, my friend, most by a tery lot! It ain't no yooce ter try,

So take an' jassaw away! Ther's the young 'uns close be'ed yer, an' yer blockin' up the wye!

An' whur are yer ter go? 'Ow the dickens shud I know? Ther's no 'ungerin' fur yer when yer sixty-two or so!

Yer 'as a fast clews character, yer don't go on the loose, Yer've got a bit of strength still left as yer'd be prard ter yooce,

But ev'rywhur yer awks fur wuk yer finds as they refuse, An' ev'rywhur yer told,

Yer're art, right art, clean howled! Aye, the sun that's pawst furgin is the sin of bein' old!

An' ther's nothin' as yer'll get—Penshin' schemes is off, yer heil! Ther's nothin' as yer'll get—Penshin' schemes is off, yer heil!

Now is the time to pay dog taxes. They should be paid before May 1 or trouble is likely to ensue.

With the growth of thirity 'abits it is wrong er interfere, Likewise we 'as'n't got no twenty mallyin' er interfere,

An' one thing is too different, an' toether thing's too deer, Old age 'as done yer trick, So jest yer mawch off quick!

Ther's the wuk 'er 'as on the com'er try—yer've got yer wuk ter pick!

—London Chronicle.

A LITTLE JOKE.

BY RUDYARD KIPLING.

A day or two before Easter I was sitting in my office finishing up some scraps of work and ever and anon casting happy glances at my portmanteau, which stood in the corner.

I was just off to spend a fortnight with my old friend Colonel Gunton, in Norfolk, and I was looking forward to seeing him again with great pleasure. We had not met for ten years, and I had never been to his place or seen any of his family.

The telephone bell rang. "Oh, confound it! I hope that's nothing to keep me!" I exclaimed, and I rose to see to it.

"Mr. Miller, are you there?" "Yes."

"All right, I'll come round." A few minutes passed and then my clerk announced, "A lady to see you, sir."

A remarkably pretty girl of about 18 was ushered in. She stood still some way from the door was closed. Then she suddenly rushed toward me, fell at my feet and exclaimed, "You will protect me, won't you?"

"My dear young lady, what in the world?" "You're the famous Mr. Miller, aren't you—Mr. Joseph Miller, the philanthropist?"

"My name is Joseph Miller, certainly." "Ah! Then I am safe!" And she sat down in an armchair and smiled confidently at me.

"Madam," said I sternly, "will you have the goodness to explain to what I owe the pleasure of this visit?" "They told me to come to you."

"Who?" "Why, the people at the police station." "The police station?"

"Yes, when they let me go—because it was a first offense, you know. They said you always took up cases like mine, and that if I stuck to you I should be well looked after."

It was quite true that I had taken an interest in rescuing young persons from becoming habitual criminals, but I was hardly prepared for this.

"What have you been doing?" "Oh, nothing this time—only a bracelet."

"This time?" "They didn't know me up here," she explained smilingly. "I've always practiced in the country. Wasn't it lucky? But really, Mr. Miller, I'm tired of it; I am indeed. The life is too exciting—the doctors say so—so I've come to you."

The case was a strange one, but I had no time to investigate it now. It wanted only half an hour to the time my train left Liverpool street.

"What is your name?" I asked. "Sarah Jones."

"Well, I will have your case looked into. Come and see me again, or, if you are in distress, you may write to me—at Colonel Gunton's, Beech Hill, Norfolk. I shall be staying there."

"Going now?" "I start in a few minutes."

"Oh, I'll come with you!" "Madam," I answered with emphasis, "I will see you—out of the office first."

"But what am I to do? Oh, it's nonsense! I shall come. I shall say I belong to you."

I rang the bell. "Show this lady out, Thomas, at once."

She laughed, bowed and went—evidently a most impudent hussy. I finished my business, drove to Liverpool street and established myself in a first class smoking carriage. I was alone and settled myself for a comfortable cigar. I was rudely interrupted. Just as the train was starting, the door opened—and that odious young woman jumped in!

"There! I nearly missed you!" she said.

"I can hold no communication with you," I said severely. "You are a disgrace to your—er—sex."

"It's all right, I've wired to the colonel."

"You've wired to my friend, Colonel Gunton?"

"Yes; I didn't want to surprise them. I said you would bring a friend with you. It's all right, Mr. Miller."

"I don't know who you are or what you are, but the Guntons are respectable people, and I am a respectable man, and—"

"That's no reason why you should Pearl because panic stricken, explaining that it was a piece of extravagance on her part, and that she had expended on this piece of goods, which she could not possibly use before next fall, a large part of her weekly allowance. She likewise declared that she was afraid to take it home lest her husband should upbraid her. Accordingly, she agreed to leave it with Mrs. Nuwed for a day or two, until she could smuggle it home. And this is how Mrs. Nuwed came to covet her neighbor's goods. By the time

August Flower,

"It is a surprising fact," says Prof. Houton, "that my travels in all parts of the world for the last ten years, I have met more people having used Green's August Flower than any other remedy, for dyspepsia, deranged liver and stomach, and for constipation. I find for tourists and salesmen, or for persons filling office positions, where headaches and general bad feelings from irregular habits exist, that Green's August Flower is a grand remedy. It does not injure the system by frequent use, and is excellent for sour stomachs and indigestion." Sam'l bottles free at drug stores of Burlington & Darby, P. J. Malone, T. C. Farley, Jas. H. Krum, Jr., North Adams, Mass., and Severance & Co., Williamstown, Mass.

Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.

PERT. PERSONALS.

When Dewey comes home—well, he had better take the underground passage.—Augusta Herald.

Longevity has its disadvantages. The Prince of Wales is a grandfather before he is a king.—New Orleans Picayune.

General Weyler's libelous attack on the queen regent of Spain shows that he is as despicable as ever.—Pittsburg Times.

Colonel Egbert was by no means the largest man at Manila, but he had a place among the bravest.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

It is to be hoped that Mr. Kipling will not come across any of those parodies when he tries to catch up on his reading.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When the kaiser now goes on board the admiral's ship in his navy, every Jack Tar will recognize the emperor at once.

The Transcript

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at 4 o'clock; 12 cents a week, 50 cents a month, \$1 a year.
WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning; \$1 a year in advance.

A. W. HARRISMAN.
The Transcript Building, Bank Street,
North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.

—John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS
The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by the Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY"
From seal of the city of North Adams.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 14 '99

ADVERTISERS in The Transcript are the best business men in the community. Their advertisements are worth reading and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

WHAT WILL THEY DO?

There is a noticeable antagonism to Governor Roosevelt as a presidential possibility. It comes from the anti-administration men, who solemnly declare that Roosevelt is a dangerous man. Roosevelt is called dangerous because he has some fighting blood in his veins and our weak-kneed, feeble-minded anti is losing sleep over his chances of being honored with the republican nomination. The thing is only of interest so far as it indicates the plight in which the anti-administration men are likely to find themselves in 1900. They will not have McKinley, nor any man favorable to his policy, if we are to infer anything from the way they are talking now. But it is not probable that the republicans will nominate any other kind of man. If they did they would be repudiating all that has been done and would be lending tremendous aid to the democracy, which is moving in the direction of a strong anti-McKinley slab in a silver platform. What will the anti-administration men do with McKinley or Roosevelt on one side and Bryan on the other, advocating the democracy he outlined last night in his Milwaukee speech? Will they make a choice between the "repudiators of the fathers" and the "repudiators of honest debts?" Or will they find themselves men without a country? They will turn the tables on themselves and support McKinley. That's what they'll do.

William Jennings Bryan says, "The milk trust reaches the infant as he enters the world." Does the colonel mean to imply that there is a corner in mothers?

The local Steve was fuming last night. The game must be getting desperate. They say that better results come from greasing the teat than from kicking the animal in the ribs.

The fact that there are again cases in the Northern Berkshire courts in which men are accused of crimes against the person leads one to ask if "whiskey did it?" The officers should at once discover whether the accused had been drinking and if so they should "analyze the stuff" forthwith.

England, Germany and the United States have agreed to the unanimity rule for the high commission that is to struggle with the Samoan problem. The unanimity the commission is likely to develop will be an agreement to disagree.

Representative Burnett has the speakership bee in his bonnet. Tuesday afternoon he called a caucus of his friends in room 240 at the state house and was honored by an attendance of 35. Representative Harvey of this city was the only Berkshire man present. Mr. Burnett will have lively heels if he catches up with Mr. Meyers.

We are assured that Colonel William Jennings Bryan will visit North Adams next fall. A banquet will be given in his honor and he will be entertained in true Berkshire style. It is safe to say that a majority of North Adams voters would not cast their ballots as Mr. Bryan would like, but it is safer to say that the colonel, if he comes to this city, will be given one of the warmest welcomes ever given him by a city of our size. North Adams has a commendable way of sinking political or other differences when a noted man is her guest. Bring on Bryan and let us show you how we'll entertain him.

What made the Pittsfield Sun speak of Tolman and the speakership the way it did? This is the way that it spoke of that matter and note the exclamation with which it winds up: "Mr. Tolman of this city is announced in the Springfield papers as being a candidate for the speakership of the house next year. Mr. Tolman is one of the ablest members of the present house and is promoted to the speaker's chair he would fill the place with impartiality, dignity and popularity. God save the Commonwealth of Massachusetts." Re-elect Tolman with the hope that he will be speaker and make John H. Magenis of this city a wonderfully happy man. There are indications that Mr. Magenis could be induced to become a candidate for the senate.

The applicant for license or the saloonman who permits the present

blackmailing scheme to be successful, even to the extent of a \$5 bill, is a fool, a man who stands in his own light and a man who gives aid to an institution that is more destructive of good government and more prejudicial to good morals than the most rampant saloon days this community has ever known.

First the anti-administration papers told us that the uncensored news from Manila was smuggled to us by the way of Hong Kong. Now they take a customary flop and tell us the censor is relaxing so that something may reach this country to prepare it for the dreadful things which are coming. It must be that these anti-administration papers are edited by ex-halfbacks of college football teams. They exhibit a nimbleness that does more credit to the gymnast than their ethics and thinking powers do to the class room drill.

It is by a strange twist of reasoning that they intend to run Attorney General Knowlton for governor in opposition to our county-man, W. Murray Crane. They say that it is necessary for them to get the attorney-general into the office at once or Curtis Guild or Speaker Bates would have it when Mr. Crane stepped out of it. Isn't this a strange state of affairs? It is said that the sections wanting to make the attorney general governor want to make Guild lieutenant governor and yet they don't want the ticket to be Crane and Guild, putting Guild in line for the office and shutting out Knowlton. It is probably not that they love Guild less, but that they love Knowlton more. A ticket reading Crane and Bates will satisfy the folk up here and we are not afraid to see Bates in line for the governorship.

The Burlington News though published in a prohibition city with everything "wide open," as they say in New York, is responsible for the following laugh at the expense of a Massachusetts preacher: "Another reverend gentleman has been heard from who would make temperance and idiotism synonymous words. He is the Rev. M. G. Nelson of Massachusetts and he would cut up the deadly tree by the roots. What are the roots? Medicines with alcohol in them, says the Rev. Mr. Nelson; highly seasoned food on the family dinner table; home-brewed beverages; the soda fountain. 'We like the sting in the drinks,' he says; 'We begin with vanilla as a flavor, then (take) strawberry and others stronger, until water is unpalatable.' He gives it as his sober judgment, based upon personal experience, that the so-called temperance drinks are a curse."

"There has, it is true, been no new and striking development, like the purpose of the Merrimack Manufacturing company of Lowell to build in Alabama an eight-mill plant, with a total of 200,000 spindles, but a great many smaller concerns are now, or soon will be, in process of creation. Durham capitalists are preparing to build a one-million-dollar mill at Lockville, N. C. The Pee Manufacturing company of Greenville is adding 14,000 spindles to its capacity; the Griffin, Ga., Manufacturing company, 6000. The Tallapoosa Falls, Ala., Manufacturing company will build a new 60,000 spindle mill. The Bennettsville, S. C., Manufacturing company will have a new mill of 10,000 spindles. The Lynchburg, Va., mill will double its capacity by putting in 22,000 spindles; the Trion Manufacturing company, in Georgia, will add 25,000. At West Point, Ga., a new mill of 25,000 spindles will go up. At Greensboro, N. C., two new mills will be constructed, one of 12,000 and one of 25,000 spindles; 35,000 spindles will go into the Louise mills at Charlotte. Altogether, the Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore estimates that since January 1 definite announcements of new mills or additions to old mills, have been made in the Southern states amounting to at least 600,000 spindles and representing an investment of \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000. Of course, all this is good news to the nation at large, and it is not necessarily a menace to the industrial supremacy of New England, whose mills are now enjoying their fair share of prosperity. But the development of southern cotton manufacturing is a factor in the mercantile situation which has come to stay. Neither our New England manufacturers nor our wage-earners can ever afford to permit it to be forgotten in their calculations."—Boston Journal.

Sweethearts and Wives

If sweethearts were sweethearts all ways.
Whether as maid or wife,
No drop would be half so pleasant
In the mingled draught of life.

But the sweetheart has smiles and blushes
When the wife has frowns and sighs,
And the wife's have a wrathful glitter
For the glow of a sweetheart's eyes.

If lovers were lovers always,
The same to sweetheart and wife
Who would change for a future of Eden
The joys of this checkered life?

Happy is he whose sweetheart
Is wife and sweetheart still—
Whose voice, as of old, has the charm,
Whose kiss, as of old, can thrill;

Who has plucked the rose, to find over its beauty and fragrance increase,
As the flush of passion is mellowed
In love's unmeasured peace;

Who sees in the step a lightness,
Who finds in the form a grace,
Who reads an increasing brightness
In the witchery of the face.

Undimmed and unchanged, Ah! happy is he, crowned with such a life,
Who drinks the wife, pledging the sweetheart,
And toasts in the sweetheart the wife.

—Dan O'Connell.

PHILIPPINE PROSPECTS.

Americans Must Be Awake or Lose Trade Advantages.

ADVICE OF A RETURNED ENGINEER

English and Germans Ready to Take All Profitable Ventures—Fine Tropical Woods Abound—Gold Prospects Promise as Rich as the Klondike. Oriental Trade Characteristics.

The American manufacturers cannot afford to be caught napping over the good things in the Philippines. If they are the good things will all be done. This is the advice of Harry Middleton, a volunteer assistant engineer in the navy, who served under Dewey and recently returned to Washington. Mr. Middleton does not expect to be in the United States any longer than the time which will be required for him to make the necessary arrangements to set himself up in business in the Philippines. What Mr. Middleton wants to do is to start a sawmill near Manila.

Mr. Middleton is convinced that there will be big money in the proper kind of sawmill near Manila. He is equally convinced that there will be big money in hundreds of other enterprises for which the conditions and resources of the Philippines afford peculiar advantages. Mr. Middleton says he has never seen finer woods than are to be found on the island of Luzon. They grow, too, in the greatest abundance. The mahogany is equal to any to be found in South America and can be had in great quantities. Natives paddling along the rivers in mahogany dugouts are a common sight.

Enterprise of any kind was not possible under the corrupt Spanish rule. A man who undertook to set up any business—such, for instance, as a sawmill—was so heavily taxed by the unprincipled Spanish officials that he found it impossible to operate at a profit. Enterprise was thoroughly discouraged. As a consequence the natural wealth of the islands remained practically untouched. It is doubtful if the Spaniards appreciated the extent of this wealth. If they did, it is certain they never realized on it. But if the Spaniards were blinded to the riches which lay everywhere about them in the Philippines, the Germans and the English who visited the country, Mr. Middleton says, were not. They appreciate fully the possibilities of this wonderful country and are now waiting anxiously for the moment when conditions in the islands will be of such insured stability that they will feel warranted in starting up various enterprises for the inauguration of which they have practically made all their arrangements. "As there is to be an open door in the Philippines the English and Germans will have as favorable conditions under which to operate as the Americans, and if they get their enterprises started first they will have an unquestionable advantage. It is to this danger Mr. Middleton, in discussing business prospects in the Philippines the other day, said he desired to call the attention of the American manufacturers. Mr. Middleton said that when he left Manila there were 20 American miners there who were ready to start out for the mountains to dig for gold as soon as conditions quieted down. These men had made trips out into the interior before the break with the insurgents occurred and had brought back some magnificent specimens of gold ore. They were all of the opinion from the finds they had made and the observations they had taken that Luzon would rival California, Colorado and the Klondike in gold production.

Chief Clerk William C. Fox of the bureau of American republics, who has been a consul to Germany and the far east, said that Mr. Middleton's warning to American manufacturers not to be caught napping in the Philippines was a most timely one. "The orientals, he said, were a peculiar people in many ways. One of their peculiarities was that when they once started to buy an article of a certain kind it was almost impossible for a business man to secure their trade, even when he offered them a better article of the same kind. To illustrate, Mr. Fox cited an incident which came under his observation when he was a consul to Germany. A certain European trader doing business in China had put a brand of matches known as the "elephant" brand on the Chinese market. On each box of matches there was printed the image of an elephant. This caught the fancy of the Chinese, and the trader in the "elephant" brand of matches did an immense business. A Hamburg manufacturer, desiring to cut in on this business, got out a much better brand of matches and put them on the Chinese market at the same price as the "elephant" brand. But the boxes did not have the image of the elephant on them and the Chinese let them alone. The manufacturer did everything possible to push the sale of the higher grade matches, but all his efforts were useless. The Chinese would have none but the "elephant" brand. When he became convinced of this, the Hamburg manufacturer went to the factory where the "elephant" brand of matches was being turned out for the Chinese market. He ascertained that the merchant who was ordering them had made a contract with the firm to furnish them to him for only one year. The Hamburg man offered to make a three years' contract with him at an increased price. The manufacturer accepted, and for the next three years the Hamburg manufacturer's matches sold in the Chinese market much better than the "elephant" brand simply because that brand had been first introduced among the Chinese, had caught their fancy and no inducement which a business man could make was sufficient to estrange their trade."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Theory and Practice
A man may keep figuring all the year through with statistics to reach a conclusion. And in a little day or two, he'll take two. Cold fact leaves his work in confusion.

Special bargains in black clay and fancy worsted Suits, medium weight Suits and Spring Overcoats. Winter Overcoats practically given away.

It is going in large quantities and I am still disposing of my stock. there are the best of reasons for it. It is because:

I am giving double the value for one-half of what it costs elsewhere.

I don't consider actual cost. I want to turn the stock into cash immediately.

I want to close up the business and am doing so rapidly. DONT DELAY.

COME NOW. It is for your interest to buy all the clothing you and your boys will need for a year to come.

Clothing, Hats, Furnishing Goods Almost Given Away

Suits, Overcoats and Trousers for Next to Nothing.

HERE ARE A FEW PRICES

40c Knee Pants 19c, 75c Knee Pants 38c, 75c Underwear 38c, 35c Underwear 15c, 50c Shirts 25c, 75c Caps 38c, 25c Caps 12c, 4 ply Linen Collars 7c. All kinds of Silk Neckties 17c. Hundreds of other bargains too numerous to mention.

SALE NOW GOING ON. COME AT ONCE. Store open every evening during this sale.

Fixtures for sale cheap. Money willingly refunded on any purchase.

C. L. SUMMER,

61 Main Street,

North Adams, Mass.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE



Of course you have seen in our showing of.....

JEWELRY

The very handsome line of Ladies' Watch and Lorgnette Chains. They are worth a special visit to the store even if you don't intend to buy. At ordinary prices they are very good value. At our figures they are genuine bargains.

L. W. WHITE, JEWELER
80 MAIN ST.

Patton, the Center street watchmaker is cleaning watches and warranting them one year at just one-half the Main street price.

No. 1210.
REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE ADAMS NATIONAL BANK, AT NORTH ADAMS, IN THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS APRIL 5, 1899.

ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Loans and discounts, \$913,401.42	Capital stock paid in, \$500,000.00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured, 2,611.11	Surplus fund, 100,000.00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation, 380,000.00	Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid, 57,496.81
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits, 100,000.00	National bank notes outstanding, 297,000.00
Internal revenue stamps, 1,041.12	Due to other National Banks, 64,315.57
Premiums on U. S. bonds, 6,500.00	Due to State Banks and Bankers, 59,612.41
Stocks, securities, etc., 42,800.00	Due to Savings Banks, 8,435.86
Banking house, furniture and fixtures, 40,000.00	Individual deposits subject to check, 416,617.22
Other real estate and mortgages owned, 1,450.00	Demand certificates of deposit, 7,533.88
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents), 21,831.61	U. S. Savings Bonds, 5,600.00
Due from State banks and bankers, 1,397.77	
Due from approved reserve agents, 90,585.33	
Checks and other cash items, 2,317.30	
Notes of other National Banks, 5,622.40	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents, 850.50	
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie, 24,928.00	
Legal tender notes, 10,915.00	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, 15,000.00	
(5 per cent. of circulation), 14,800.00	
Total, \$1,688,380.78	Total, \$1,688,380.78

Capital stock paid in, \$500,000.00
Surplus fund, 100,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid, 57,496.81
National bank notes outstanding, 297,000.00
Due to other National Banks, 64,315.57
Due to State Banks and Bankers, 59,612.41
Due to Savings Banks, 8,435.86
Individual deposits subject to check, 416,617.22
Demand certificates of deposit, 7,533.88
U. S. Savings Bonds, 5,600.00

Total, \$1,688,380.78
STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, COUNTY OF BERKSHIRE.
I, W. H. PRITCHARD, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. H. PRITCHARD, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 15th day of April, 1899.
H. A. GALLUP, Notary Public.
CORROBORATION: Attest:
E. S. WILKINSON,
V. A. WHITAKER,
W. A. GALLUP, Directors.

See Our Line of
BABY CARRIAGES AND GO-CARTS
Very latest patterns, styles, and prices to suit all. Best assortment ever shown in this city. We sell

IMPERIAL BICYCLES.

Best wheel made for the money. Look them over. Baby Carriage Bikes. Lace Tops, Afghans, Foot Mats Upholstering and Cabinet work done in a first-class manner. Picture framing a specialty.

J. H. Cody, House Furnisher and Undertaker

22 to 30 Eagle St.
Agent for Acorn Stoves and Ranges.

Retiring From Business

SECOND SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

Special bargains in black clay and fancy worsted Suits, medium weight Suits and Spring Overcoats. Winter Overcoats practically given away.

It is going in large quantities and I am still disposing of my stock. there are the best of reasons for it. It is because:

I am giving double the value for one-half of what it costs elsewhere.

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Fixtures for sale cheap. Money willingly refunded on any purchase.

C. L. SUMMER,

61 Main Street,

North Adams, Mass.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

BOSTON STORE. BOSTON STORE.

Anniversary Sale!

Saturday 4th Day of the Anniversary Sale.
The Sale is a great success so far. Thousands have shared in the special offerings. All can do so. Today's offerings are:

Corsets

500 Summer Corsets, regular price 50c, at 19c.
100 Corsets, regular price 1.00, at 42c.

Ribbed Underwear

Ribbed Underwear, value 15c, at 9c.
Ribbed Underwear, value 50c, at 15c.

Bargains in Dress Goods

Plaid Dress Goods, value 12 1-2c, at 9c.
All-wool Dress Goods, value 38c, at 12 1-2c.
Silk and Wool Dress Goods, value 50c, at 23c.
Silk and Wool Dress Goods, value 1.00, at 69c.
Anniversary Sale Prices on every piece of Dress Goods.

Ready to Wear Things

Ladies' Tailor Made Suits, actual value 10.00, to go at

6.98

Separate Skirts

Skirts made from 1.00 a yard Crepon at

4.98

Shirt Waists

200 Shirt Waists, made from Lawn and Chambray, latest styles at

42c

100 Shirt Waists, all new styles, sold everywhere at 1.00, at

85c

Remember, every piece of Muslin Underwear Marked Down.

4.98

3.98

BOSTON STORE, Blackinton Block.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

Corsets

500 Summer Corsets, regular price 50c, at 19c.
100 Corsets, regular price 1.00, at 42c.

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4.98

Shirt Waists

200 Shirt Waists, made from Lawn and Chambray, latest styles at

42c

100 Shirt Waists, all new styles, sold everywhere at 1.00, at

85c

Remember, every piece of Muslin Underwear Marked Down.

4.98

3.98

BOSTON STORE, Blackinton Block.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

Corsets

500 Summer Corsets, regular price 50c, at 19c.
100 Corsets, regular price 1.00, at 42c.

Ribbed Underwear

Ribbed Underwear, value 15c, at 9c.
Ribbed Underwear, value 50c, at 15c.

Bargains in Dress Goods

Plaid Dress Goods, value 12 1-2c, at 9c.
All-wool Dress Goods, value 38c, at 12 1-2c.
Silk and Wool Dress Goods, value 50c, at 23c.
Silk and Wool Dress Goods, value 1.00, at 69c.
Anniversary Sale Prices on every piece of Dress Goods.

Ready to Wear Things

Ladies' Tailor Made Suits, actual value 10.00, to go at

6.98

Separate Skirts

Skirts made from 1.00 a yard Crepon at

4.98

Shirt Waists

200 Shirt Waists, made from Lawn and Chambray, latest styles at

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A complete traveler's guide, with railroad, street railway and postoffice timetables, will be found on page 6.

News items of interest are gladly received by The Transcript and should be sent to the office as early in the day as possible.

Communications on live topics are solicited by The Transcript. They must in every case be accompanied by the names of the writers (not necessarily for publication if good reason for withholding them is shown), and must be brief to insure publication.

Notices of meeting and events intended for the "Tonight's Events" department must be left at the office by 10 o'clock in the morning to insure insertion.

The Transcript's telephone number for counting room and news departments is 230.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

- 1793—Mme. de Sevigne, famous writer of "Letters," died, born 1626.
- 1861—Fort Sumter taken possession of by Confederates. The Federals marching out with the honors of war.
- 1862—The command and garrison of Fort Sumter did not surrender, but evacuated the fort under terms with the enemy. Before the first gun was fired the Confederates offered to allow Major Anderson and his command to move out of the fort, with company arms and property and all private property and to salute the flag before leaving it; moreover, to transport the command to any port in the United States. These terms were refused until a bombardment of nearly two days showed him that the fort was untenable, and he had no prospect of immediate relief.
- 1865—President Abraham Lincoln assassinated by John Wilkes Booth.
- 1904—General Henry Warner Slocum, a distinguished Union veteran, died in Brooklyn; born 1827.
- 1905—Professor James Dwight Dana of Yale died at New Haven; born 1813.
- 1880—Oliver Cowdell, widely known blind poet, died at Newport; born 1833.

TONIGHT'S EVENTS.

- Chas. McIntyre anniversary
Ideal Orchestra dance.
Meade's dancing reception.
C. D. Sanford post.
St. Paul Commandery, K. T.
Wells encampment, I. O. O. F.
Plumbers' union.
Painters meet.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

- Hosford catered for M. V. Meade's reception in Hoosick Falls last evening.
- Mrs. W. H. Curtis will sing in the Universalist church next Sunday.
- Several drunks were cared for in the usual way in district court this morning.
- The painters of the city are asked to meet in C. L. U. hall at 7:30 this evening.
- The sittings of the Methodist church for the year will be rented next Monday evening.
- Local musicians will furnish music for the reading by Miss Webber to be held April 25.
- Rooney & Beardslee have been made local agents for the Connecticut General Life Insurance company.
- Berkshire council, Royal Arcanum, will hold its third "ladies' night" next Monday evening in Odd Fellows hall.
- Rev. Mr. Mead of Cohoes will preach in the Methodist church Sunday, Mr. Hamilton being at the conference.
- The carpenters' union has warned all local carpenters to keep away from Troy during the building trades strike in that city.
- Clarence W. Reynolds has been engaged to sing at a violin recital by Maximilian Dick at the Baptist church in Adams next Tuesday evening.
- Alexander McDougal of this city will speak at the Renfrew Caledonian club's fourth anniversary celebration, at Adams this evening.
- Martin H. Loftus has retired from the firm of the Loftus Plumbing and Heating company, and the business will be conducted by H. M. Loftus and J. J. Jenkins.
- A meeting of the executive committee of the Berkshire Agricultural society of Pittsfield was held yesterday afternoon. It was decided to have the platform shows this year given exclusively by Pittsfield talent and will be largely of an athletic character.
- An error included among the losses at the Congregational chapel fire Cuban articles from Major Whipple. It was planned at one time to have a Cuban booth, but this was given up, and none of the major's collection was on exhibition.
- Mrs. J. H. C. Pratt entertained the Thursday Afternoon Whist club at her home on Arnold place, yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Roberts won the first prize and Mrs. Gordon the consolation prize. The club will be entertained next Thursday by Mrs. Sanders of Blackinton street.
- There will be no more state pay for bay state soldiers who enlisted for the late war with Spain. State pay closed with the formal announcement of peace made yesterday. The 8th regiment and the Massachusetts men in the 7th regulars must therefore depend on government pay alone. The state pay law specifically provided for a cessation of the pay with the declaration of peace.
- Wednesday, while Misses Katherine Kirby and Alice Cavanaugh were walking on Main street they found a pocket book. It contained \$10.25 and some keys. The purse was given to M. Cavanaugh, the grocer, who made diligent inquiry and found the next morning the owner, who proved to be Mrs. Alice Brown of Beaver street, to whom the purse and contents were given.
- The following from the Pittsfield news in the Republican needs correction: "Lawyer Ashe has withdrawn for the defense in the case of Loftus against Loftus, which Lawyer Hibbard has heard for some days as auditor, and the matter now is a question of damages for the plaintiff, Thomas Loftus." Mr. Ashe has not withdrawn and with Lawyer Parkhurst is conducting the case for the defense.
- An attractive musical has been arranged to be given at the Y. M. C. A. Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Among the features will be selections by the ideal orchestra, violin solos by Miss Margaret Whitman, readings by Miss Cunan, and other musical selections to be printed later. Those who enjoyed the Saturday evening entertain-

ments last year will be pleased to learn of this one to be given Saturday. Women and men are invited and admission is free.

—The Caledonian club is making preparations to hold a concert and dance on Friday evening, April 21. As the club desires the patronage of its many friends the members have determined to spare no expense in making this the best affair of its kind, that the club has ever had. The engaging of the following artists will substantiate the above assertion: Mr. C. H. Frye, 'cellist; Dr. Canedy, violinist; Prof. J. Chambers, pianist; Miss Mabel Estelle Chapin of Pittsfield, soprano soloist; Mr. R. H. Palmer of Williams college glee club, bass soloist. The affair will be held in the Knights of Pythian hall.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Mr. O. Larkin of Holyoke is visiting in town.

Mrs. J. R. Brown and Mrs. Jennie Thomas spent yesterday at Pownall, Vt., with Mrs. Chas. McBride.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Griffin of Brooklyn, N. Y., are guests of Dr. and Mrs. M. M. Brown.

Word was received from Rev. W. L. Tenney this morning that he might return tonight or tomorrow from Oberlin, Ohio, where he has been, but a dispatch was sent him not to return unless he wished to, since there are to be no services in the Congregational church Sunday. He may therefore stay in Oberlin till next week.

Pittsfield Fears Oblivion.

The report that William J. Bryan would probably speak in North Adams some time before long, has given an impetus to the plan which some of the Pittsfield democrats have proposed, to have a dinner, with Mr. Bryan to speak. Lawyer Moore will write Mr. Bryan asking him in case he comes to Berkshire not to ignore the claim of Pittsfield.—Republican.

He Saved Their Canes.

Allen R. Pye of Hinsdale has received from the committee on canes of the freshmen class of Williams college, a cane similar to their class cane with his monogram inscribed on a silver plate in appreciation of his safe delivery of the class canes in the face of the sophomore opposition.

Inspector Here Today.

Post Office Inspector Pondleton, whose visit to this city to decide the matter of the future location of the post office, was reported in yesterday's issue, was in the city again this morning, and saw the persons interested whom he did not meet before.

This will be his last visit in all probability on this matter, and he will make his decision as a result of what he learns today. He would say nothing in regard to the matter, and could not tell when the announcement would be made.

Married at Lansingburgh.

Burton E. Dodd of this city and Miss Alice A. Herring of Lansingburgh, N. Y., were married Thursday evening at the home of the bride's father, Henry Herring. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Hanson, pastor of the Lansingburgh church, in the presence of a considerable company of relatives and friends. After congratulations had been extended refreshments were served and Mr. and Mrs. Dodd returned to North Adams the same evening. They will begin housekeeping at once. Mr. Dodd is employed as a clerk in Braham's grocery store and has many friends who will gladly welcome his wife to her new home in this city.

Williams-Blackinton Game.

The first game of the season for the Williams college baseball team will be tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock played on the Blackinton field. It will be between Williams and Blackinton, and a very good game is expected to start off the practice season. Blackinton will put a fast team in the field, and a lively contest is looked for.

The Williams team will probably be made up as follows: Plunkett, Jansen and Bent, pitchers; Edwards, catcher; Risley, first base; Reardon, second; Lydecker, third; Russell, short; Fetheran, left field; Hodges and Plunkett, right; Seaver, center.

Here will be the make-up of the Blackintons: Jones and Thomas, pitchers; Davis, catcher; Bressette, first base; Mackey, second; Ashton, third; Rudman, short; Howells, left field; Mahoney, center; and right field filled with one of the pitchers.

Old Newspaper Man Dead.

John C. Lamb died at his home in Pittsfield yesterday after an illness of many weeks with a complication of diseases. For several days his death has been hourly expected, but his frequent rallies fortified the hope that he might possibly recover.

Mr. Lamb was born in Cheshire, June 22, 1855, and was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael M. Lamb. The family moved to Cranville in Pittsfield about 20 years ago, and has since resided in that place. Lamb received his early education in the public schools of Cheshire and subsequently pursued a three term course in the Dalton high school.

After finishing his studies he entered the Crane mills and was employed there for seven years. During that time he acted as the Dalton correspondent of the Journal, and at odd times covered the city field for the same paper. His tendencies seemed to lie in the direction of newspaper work, and when 23 years of age he gave up his position in the mill and went to Adams, taking a position in that town with the Freeman.

Returning to Pittsfield he was engaged at various times on the Eagle, Journal and Call and also corresponded for the Springfield Republican. The last copy he wrote was sent in the last paper.

Tough Paint.

The toughest paint now known is Devco lead and zinc. Zinc and grinding make it so.

Paints to order \$4.00 at Evans.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

NO STUPID LEGISLATORS.

Col. Bliss Criticizes Republican's Claim of Dullness.

Col. Bliss, writing to the Pittsfield Sun on the subject of the legislature, has the following of all Berkshire interest:

The mentally cross eyed correspondent who disfigures the columns of the Springfield Republican with communications from Boston, in an attack of unusual disorder said the other day that the present was the stupidest legislature ever seen on Beacon Hill.

This esthetic individual, who quotes bad French and manufactures flimsy English on a patched up intellectual loom, is not satisfied to make comment which might be accepted by at least a few credulous readers, but he goes so far beyond the bounds as to make his composition the subject of universal derision and the author an object of derisive pity.

The present legislature is considerably more than an average body; the senate is remarkably able and will graduate more prospective congressmen than any senate of recent years, while the house has a large number of distinctly capable members. The stupid men in the house could be counted on the fingers of a one-armed man, and any fair minded man would concede that the standard of average is very considerably advanced by the presence of such members as Carlton, Myers, Ames, Stone, Bennet, Blood, Howland, Schofield, Saunders and others.

Perhaps some reader of the Sun knows of a stupid man in the Berkshire delegations. Perhaps the Republican, in order to vindicate its Boston critic, can leave the Philippine question and President McKinley long enough to trot around and find some stupid man in the Hampshire delegation, or, failing in that, continue the search into Hampshire and Franklin counties, for surely this Boston ambassador of the Republican should be vindicated to save discipline and being cashiered.

FIRE IN STORE WINDOW.

Mrs. Hurd's Music Store Scene of Small Blaze This Morning.

Fire was discovered in the window of Mrs. L. M. Hurd's music and newspaper store on Bank street this morning at 11 o'clock, and an alarm from box 5 called out the department. The fire started among the goods in the window, and a possible cause is known for it. No one was near it at the time, and the flames were first seen by some one passing on the other side of the street.

Mr. Cota of the mileage exchange quickly ran out a garden hose, and turned it on the fire through the broken window, while several from inside the store threw water on the blaze. By the time the department reached the place the fire was practically extinguished. The loss to musical instruments and other goods in the window was considerable, and the front of the store was badly damaged. The fire is thought to have started in the space under the shelf in the window, but "spontaneous combustion" is the only theory that could be advanced.

The store is in the building owned by the St. Jean Baptist society, and is occupied by Mrs. Hurd and H. A. Graves & Co.'s jewelry store.

Letter to FRED. F. DOWLIN, Esq., North Adams, Mass.

Dear Sir: What would be the result of selling poor paint with this guarantee?

"If you have any fault to find with this paint, either now or in putting it on, or hereafter in the wear, tell your dealer about it."

"We authorize him to do what is right at our expense."

That means pay damages, don't it? Here's another guarantee:

"If your state chemist finds this paint adulterated, we will pay his bill, and send you \$100."

We stand by both of these guarantees; as we are the maker, we know all about it.

The only way for a lawyer to make any money out of lead and zinc is to paint his house with it. There'll be no "cases" for him on it. Our agent settles 'em without any fuss.

Yours truly,
F. W. DEVOE & CO.

The largest and most varied stock of high grade bicycles at Hodge's, Summer street.

CHESHIRE.

W. H. Smart & Bro., of Boston were in town Thursday looking at the Oakman Glass Plant, for the purpose of starting a bottling industry.

The Berkshire store recently purchased by R. B. Cummings, was entered Wednesday night by burglars. All the cigars, and the money which was left in the drawer was taken. Access was gained through the backway.

W. S. Clark of the Berkshire Mills Co., was here today.

John Lamb, son of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Lamb, died at his home in Cranville, today. The deceased was a native of Cheshire some years ago, and received his earlier education here.

Mrs. Gordon Bliss started for New York Friday where she will visit her mother, Mrs. Flick.

Miss Angie Leonard has returned to "his" college, Northampton.

H. A. Frouty and E. J. Snowman were in town today from Springfield.

Mrs. E. W. Blood is the guest of Mrs. Samuel Tanner, in Adams.

The annual meeting of the Berkshire Glass and Sand Co. was held Wednesday, 12th. The following officers were elected: President, L. L. Brown, Adams; secretary and treasurer, John H. C. Church, Great Barrington; manager, R. A. Surget, directors, the above and George Church and G. A. Barrington.

THE SIGNAL.

The signal of fair weather is a welcome sight. Did you ever look for the signal of fair dealing? Our market at 47 Center street tells the story. No adulterated goods sold there.

PETER HARRINGTON & BROS.

SUICIDE OF JAMES F. ALMY.

Former Local Man Kills Himself by Hanging in Salem.

An Associated Press dispatch from Salem this morning says that James F. Almy, formerly of Adams and well known here by many, committed suicide by hanging during the night. Mr. Almy was born in Adams 60 years ago, and during his younger manhood took a prominent part in the life of the town. His father was a bookkeeper in Adams, and later for the Johnson manufacturing company of this place.

Mr. Almy belonged to a Quaker family, and was prominently identified with the old Quaker church of Adams. He went from here to Pittsfield, where he lived for some time, and then went to Salem, where he had lived ever since.

He visited in Berkshire occasionally, and is well remembered by many who knew him intimately as a young man.

Since going to Salem he had become prominent in the affairs of that city and of the state. He was a member of the large firm of Almy, Bigelow and Washburn, and regarded as one of Salem's most prominent citizens.

His act was caused by temporary mental derangement. He leaves a widow and three children.

A Wood Box Fire.

An alarm from box 15 called the department out for the second time today a little before 3 o'clock this afternoon. It was for a woodbox fire in the tenement occupied by Mrs. Giroux in the Dowlin block on Eagle street. A match thrown in the box set it, and the fire was out before the department reached the place.

This was the 24th alarm this year.

The Wrong Leg.

"Mammy," cried the editor's boy, rushing in excitedly, "dad's jest been run over by the railroad train!"

"Why," said the mother, "how kin you say that when yonder he comes, limpin' along as usual?"

Sure enough, he was coming, and when he got in he sat down and said dejectedly:

"It was my wooden leg, Maria. Three wheels passed over it and only took off four inches, and I can't get no accident policy nor sue the durned road for damages."—Atlanta Constitution.

The Outward Sign.

"Got the amateur photographic craze still, Biggsby?"

"Yes."

"Blowing in all your spare change on supplies?"

"No, I believe I have bought every camera appliance there is and laid in a supply of every known photographic material. There is absolutely nothing more to buy."

"Then you've passed the dividing line. You're not an amateur. You are a professional."—Chicago Tribune.

Forgive Them This One Time.

Spring poets are a nuisance. Of that I'm well aware. They harass the poor editor And make the printer swear. But think of the past season In this fair, sunny clime, And if of spring the blithe birds sing Forgive them this one time.

While honeysuckles are in bloom, And birds carol all day, And the strawberry man appears And pipes his roundelay: When the disheartened plumber seel A more congenial clime, If the basis gain of balmy spring, Forgive them this one time.

—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Rejected.

"Nelle," spoke the youth with an air of confidence, "only say the word and you and I will sail together on the rough sea of life, bravely buffering its waves, trimming our sails to meet the adverse winds that."

"No, Geoffrey," interrupted the maiden; "not in this age of the world. The man who takes me on that journey must offer me a first cabin passage on a steamer."

Whereupon Geoffrey sailed out of her presence with a decided list to port.—Chicago News.

In More of a Hurry.

"Remember Bill Plinggett's wedding, don't you?" asked the oldest inhabitant. "Say I do," answered his understudy. "They walked 30 miles to get the preacher to tie the knot."

"Well, when Bill ran away from her yesterday I hear he took the fast express."—Indianapolis Journal.

Preoccupied.

Oh, man's a busy creature, Embracing every chance To give this world instruction In matters of finance. And oft this occupation So closely he'll pursue That it puzzles him completely To know when his rent is due!

The wilderness he'd settle, And it often comes to pass That mad plans for roads and cities He forgets to mow his grass. He tries to feed the heathen, And such ardor he reveals That his family gets dyspepsia Through his being late at meals.

Worthy of Trust.

"I don't see why you feel disposed to trust that man for so large an amount. He has no standing in either Bradstreet's or Dun's."

"That may be, but I happen to know that his wife has decided to get along without a new spring hat this year; so he must have money."—Chicago News.

The Way of the Athlete.

Haloed: That there athletic education your boy's gettin' out to come in handy in handlin' the ax, eh?

Turner: Naw, seems not, but he's all right with a hammer.—Indianapolis Journal.

Others Too.

When Foot Riley scans his past, Things well done or amiss, He most regrets one error vast— His sins.

Provided For.

"I don't see what is to become of all these new doctors."

"Oh, now microbes are being all the time discovered."—Detroit Journal.

THE FRENCH MENAGE.

Complaint That It Is Not the Model Affair Claimed For It.

An English writer who has evidently suffered in a rather severely against the long extolled thrift of the French housekeeper, which, if it be thrift, is, according to his notion, pernicious economy. He considers the meager messes served and reserved until the last scrap is consumed which make up the course dinner of the French people most unsatisfactory and far from appetizing. "It has been said," he quotes, "that a French housekeeper will serve a grilled chicken foot, making it a substantial course." This he denies—not the service, but the substantial part of it.

As to the soup of the provincial French home, he asserts it is not a thing to be described by the uninitiated, and it is certainly not meant for a delicate palate. It tastes like hot water in which quantities of cabbage have been boiled. "Then," he goes on to affirm, "the only dish of meat will often consist of that which has been used in the making of the soup."

This testimony is borne out by American travelers, who get very tired of soup meat as a dinner dish. For the flavoring and finishing of a dish the French are doubtless unsurpassed, but the allegation that the sauce is made more important than the substantial and that the garnishing takes precedence over the dish it surrounds is not without considerable foundation. The well known story of the French cook who won a wager by serving a boot heel scraped and stewed and simmered and finally served with an entrancing sauce is a good illustration of much French cooking.

See the Orient bicycle at Hodge's, Summer street.

BICYCLES FOR SALE.

A BARGAIN. Girl's \$50 Crescent bicycle and lady's \$100 Keating; both in good repair. Address Box 233, Williamstown, Mass.

High grade bicycles at low grade prices. Hodge's, Summer street.

UPHOLSTERING AND REPAIRING.

R. A. Wood announces that he will continue the upholstering and repairing business in the same old stand rear of the Adams furniture store at which he has been for the past 20 years under different firms. In continuing the business himself he will bring his experience of these long years and will guarantee prompt work, as well as satisfactory work.

CLOTHING BARGAINS.

G. Frank Rist, the new clothing merchant in the Adams block, offers special inducements for today and tomorrow in the clothing line, which will appeal to every buyer. His stock is fresh and well assorted and his advertisement in another column speaks for itself.

5 YEARS IN BUSINESS.

Peter Harrington & Bros., the Center street meat and provision dealers have been five years in the business at that stand this week. By fair dealings, reliable goods and enterprise they have built up a big business at that stand.



Tongue Ticklers

are not scarce here. Every article in our stock of

Choice Groceries

can lay claim to the title. We keep only the very best in every line, and you can always depend upon our goods. A NICE LOT OF LETTUCE TODAY OUR PRICES ARE LOW.

S. J. & W. C. Ellis
26 Main Street.

A Nice

Walking Hat
For \$1.00

Norton & Morgan's

Others more elaborate at \$1.25 and \$1.50. The ordinary price you say. Yes. But not the ordinary hats. Let us give you prices. Also see our line of trimmed hats.

THE GREAT

NEW YORK SUNDAY JOURNAL

NEXT SUNDAY.

Leave Your Orders at

FOUNTAIN'S.

DEALER IN.....

TOYS

KODAKS

STATIONERY

FANCY GOODS

KODAK SUPPLIES

OFFICE SUPPLIES

BUSINESS STATIONERY

FOUNTAIN, BANK ST.

Special Saturday Items

That You Will Need

AT SPECIAL PRICES

New Lawn Ties, just came, at 20, 25 and 50c.

Fine Lace Ties, new and pretty, 50, 85c and up.

Neck Ruffles in white, cream, blue and black at 25c.

Neck and Collar Clasps, various styles, 25c.

Pocketbooks, a variety, 10 and 25c.

Crochet Cotton, silk finish, all colors, 10c skein.

New line of the latest Belt Buckles and Laces.

Loop Buttons 10, 15 and 25c set.

Tooth Brushes 10c. Violets 5c bunch.

Very interesting prices on our new line of Shirt Waists, Bracelets, Clasps and Stick Pins.

Don't miss seeing our great line of Tailor-Made Suits and Skirts.

Shirt Waists here in abundance at 50, 75, 85c and \$1.00.

Hosiery and Handkerchief Specials that will tempt you if you investigate.

BARGAINS EVERYWHERE IN OUR THREE STORES

Tuttle & Bryant's

PURE ICE

RESERVOIR FOND IS THE BEST.

When making your contracts for ice for the summer, just bear in mind what Prof. Mears of Williams college said in his report of the analysis of water from the various sources.

WHAT PROF. MEARS SAYS:

"The water of Reservoir Pond was the MOST SATISFACTORY ANALYZED, and ice cut from it will undoubtedly be as pure as any in the city."

We should be pleased to receive your orders.

J. R. & W.

TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

NOTE—Corrected every month by the railroad companies and can be relied upon.

NORTH ADAMS POSTOFFICE.

General Delivery and Stamp Window open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Carrier Window 7 p. m. to 8 p. m. 8.30 p. m. to 4 p. m.
Sunday open from 9.15 a. m. to 10.15 a. m. Money order and Register office opened from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Arrival and Departure of mail.

ARRIVE FROM

New York City, southern states and foreign—1.37, 4.25, and 10.00 a. m. 12.31, 4.50 and 8.55 p. m.
Troy, New York state and the west—8.35, and 10.00 a. m., 12.39, 4.30, 7.00 and 8.55 p. m.
Pittsfield, southern Mass., Conn., Rhode Island, via Boston & Albany—1.37, 4.25 a. m., 12 p. m., 2.40, 4.45 and 8.55 p. m.
Boston, northern and eastern Mass., Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Canada, via Fitchburg railroad—4.53 a. m., 12.10 and 5.05 p. m.
Clarkburg—7.00 a. m.
Briggsville, Stamford, Hartwellville and Readsboro, Vt., 11.45 a. m.
Florida, Mass.—Tuesday and Saturday 1.30 p. m.

LEAVE FOR

New York City, southern states and foreign—7.10, 9.05, 11.45 a. m., 12 p. m., 4.40, 7.45 and 11 p. m.
Troy, New York state and west—7.10, 9.05 a. m., 12 p. m., 2.40, 4.45 and 11 p. m.
Pittsfield, southern Mass., Conn., R. I., via Boston & Albany railroad—4.16 a. m., 12.10, 4.45 and 7.45 p. m.
Boston and eastern New England via B. & A. R. R. 6 a. m., 12.10, 4.45 p. m.
Boston, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, eastern Vermont and Canada, via F. A. R. R. 9.35 a. m., 12.15, 4.10 and 11 p. m.
Clarkburg, Mass. 12.30 p. m.
Briggsville, Stamford, Hartwellville and Readsboro, Vt., 1.30 p. m.
Florida, Mass., Tuesday and Saturday 1.30 p. m.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

First-class matters (letters, etc.) 3c. 05.
Second-class (newspapers and periodicals) 1c. for 4oz.
Third-class (books, circulars, photographs) 1c. for 2 oz.
Fourth-class (merchandise) 1c. 05.
Registration fee (additional postage) 3c.
Immediate delivery stamp (additional to regular postage) 10c.
Money order to \$100, 3c. to \$50.

STAGES.

NORTH ADAMS AND READSBORO
Thomas H. Sullivan, Proprietor.
Leave Postoffice, North Adams 1.30 p. m.
Leave Postoffice, Readsboro 8 a. m.

FITCHBURG RAILROAD.

Boston to Troy.
Corrected to April 10, 1899.

TO	FROM	TIME	TO	FROM	TIME
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	7.10	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	7.10
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	9.05	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	9.05
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	11.45	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	11.45
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	12.00	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	12.00
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	4.40	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	4.40
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	7.45	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	7.45
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	11.00	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	11.00
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	12.10	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	12.10
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	4.45	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	4.45
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	7.50	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	7.50
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	11.10	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	11.10
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	12.20	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	12.20
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	4.50	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	4.50
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	8.00	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	8.00
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	11.20	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	11.20
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	12.30	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	12.30
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	4.55	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	4.55
NEW YORK	NEW YORK	8.05	NEW YORK	NEW YORK	8.05
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Sundays Included.
Trains leaving Boston 9.30 a. m., 7 p. m., 11 p. m., 1.15 and 7.15 a. m.

Troy to Boston.

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LATE PARIS FASHIONS

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Paris, March 26.—The chestnut trees in bud in the parks and on the avenues and the birds singing sweetly the approach of the time of sunshine and flowers have proved of the greatest service in hastening those who were inclined to be a trifle leisurely in selecting their spring plumage. For the past week the Parisiennes have been out en masse displaying the results of days of arduous shopping. Not all the exhibits, of course, are from the Rue de la Paix or the Avenue de l'Opera, but if one wishes to know what the milliners and couturiers of that unflinching section can do a stroll along the Champs Elysees and the Bois de Boulogne at certain sacred hours will bring sure reward.

Redfern, I think, must have been responsible for a certain walking gown of beige cloth, cut in lines of elegance and with that marvelous molding to the figure which has made his name famous. The short bolero-like cut of the jacket was especially remarkable for one thing. From under the revers it was cut in a deep point, much applied of like the revers. Under the majority of such jackets, it was provided with a turned over collar, but with two heavily appliqued corners under the chin. Beneath the jacket was worn a blouse of white silk with a pretty ruffled fichu at the neck. A shaped flounce heavily appliqued, like the jacket with the new "cut out" embroidery over white silk, was the only trimming upon the skirt, which fell in long, graceful lines, according to the prevailing mode. The daintiest little toque of black tulle and silk sprayed with knots of glistering green leaves was worn with this costume.

A second garment, whose chicness suggested the supervising eye of Dictator Worth, was worn by Mme. B. of the Comedie Francaise. Mademoiselle is short and plump, and the costume suited her rounded body to perfection. The skirt was a double one, the voluminous folds of the overskirt being fastened over the left hip by straps of velvet and braid. The bottom of the underskirt was trimmed with alternate rows of pale and dark gray satin ribbon, the gown itself, I forgot to mention, being of gray cloth. The tight fitting waist, with its gray satin vest covered about the yoke with parallel rows of light gray satin braid and around the shoulders and down the front with a single broad band of openwork silk embroidery, was fetching in the extreme.

Of the models in the shops it is a relief to notice that they are not making any violent effort to attain the extreme extravagance. There is a noticeable tendency to the old directorial fashions. The princess in a modified form is suggested in the cut of many of the new costumes. The fullness in the skirts is from knee to hem and falls upon the ground in a lavisshness that, if subtracted from the gowns of our fashionable Parisiennes, would go far toward clothing the poor of the city.

The materials most in evidence are soft, silky faced canvases, with severely smooth cloths for the tailor-made garments. The Parisian dressmakers say that tailor made garments will be more elaborate than usual and will be

set off in charming style by the new fluffy stocks, fichu and vests.

Small shoulder capes and the short jackets are to be much worn during the mild days of spring. Collects these short capes are called. Generally they are made of gathered silk, gored and tight fitting around the shoulders, with stilette ends in front, and altogether they look like those capes favored 15 years ago.

In the adaptation of the princess gown to the demands of the present hour the garment is most often seen with a plain back, untrimmed from collar to hem, while in front the elaborations are as many as one pleases. Trimmed skirts, especially the flounced ones, are being gradually abolished. Many of the newest bodices assume some form of the cross over shape. In the making of foulard gowns and evening frocks the pointed overskirt is usually adopted.

There are a good many evening gowns of charming make to be seen at the dances and dinners now going on. At one of the fashionable functions of a few nights ago I was particularly struck with the charms of a rose satin ball gown, a shade between pink and scarlet and known as Rose du Barry. The skirt was paneled with pieces of embroidery, consisting of cut out leaves in silvered cloth and sprinkled with a faint suggestion of diamond dust. The overskirt opened at the sides over these panels. The flounce at the back of the skirt was draped with rose tulle bordered at top and bottom with rows of ruffling. The corsage, draped with tulle, was trimmed with embroideries to match the skirt. A long bunch of silver cornflowers decorated one shoulder and was brought across the front of the corsage in flowers of gradually diminishing size.

Every one is wondering how much and how Mme. Loubet will entertain. The Paures were very fine entertainers and very devoted to society. Mme. Loubet is a woman of humble birth and plain tastes. Will it be her pleasure to keep up the sound of gaiety that under her predecessors marked life at the presidential palace in the Faubourg St. Honore?

Mme. Loubet is described by those who know her as a quiet, sensible woman, who is more interested in her home and family than in affairs of state or society. She loves, when they can get away from the pompous, political life in which her husband has been for so many years a prominent figure, to regale him with those flavored dishes which were particularly associated with the early days of their housekeeping and which she, according to M. Loubet, can make better than any one else. They are highly spiced southern dishes, with plenty of garlic in their composition, and it is therefore to be hoped that she will not see fit to prepare any of them while affairs of state are under consideration, or the polite of non-garlic eating statesmen may be sadly shaken.

The distinguished woman who is now the first lady of France was the daughter of an ironmonger in one of the southern provinces of France. She married M. Loubet when he was one of the young lawyers, and from that time her rise in the social scale has been rapid.

Before the presidency he was minister of the interior, and in that position she was obliged to entertain at the palace of the ministry of the interior; also, when he was president of the senate, at the Luxembourg palace. The palace now occupied by the president of the republic was once the residence of the infamous Mme. de Pompadour. The yearly salary of the president of France, about \$250,000, will scarcely sustain the luxury of De Pompadour.

Whatever she may choose to do, Mme. Loubet is a good and worthy woman, who deserves the respect and sympathy of her sisters all over the world, for in this trying period to be the wife of the ruler of France is a post fraught with many dangers.

One of the daintiest things that I

arms, and the sleeves are covered with white chiffon laid on in soft folds, mouse-queue fashion. An adaptation of the use of the fichu in gowns for children is seen in the shoulder piece of contrasting color, made with long pointed ends which are crossed above the waist.

The coming of spring always brings hundreds of new designs from the makers of fancy petticoats and other lingerie. Women who are content with plain black silk skirts during winter in summer indulge in silken and lace frivolities to an extent that would not have been dreamed of in the soberer years gone by.

On the early spring petticoats of silk one sees countless appliques of lace, black and white, just as upon the small frocks. They are also lace flounced like the gowns. The flounces are sometimes in three narrow pointed rows. The narrow chiffon ruchings and lace are put on that part of the skirt above the flounces in all sorts of pretty patterns, these embellishments being sometimes diversified by the use of lace appliques. By this means the skirts are made ornate nearly to the top of the garment. The all pervading fichu effect is applied to the fronts of tea gowns, dress-

In such profusion in the millinery windows that I begin to wonder if they are not the prize flowers of the spring, at least where chapeaux are concerned. Of course violets and daffodils and such springy blossoms are seen for a while, but they seem to melt like their forest prototypes before the sun of the advancing season.

CATHERINE TALBOT.

A Lovely Gown.

Small paillettes in ivory and in mother of pearl are being used largely in all the French embroideries. A most original evening gown had the low bodice covered entirely with mother of pearl

FASHIONS FOR THE HAIR.

Rippling waves are universally becoming, and fashion is more than kind in allowing those who have classical heads to do up the hair loosely and in a pretty twist at the back, finished with a Parisian comb or tortoise shell dagger thrust through. It is very different from the horrible bun of yore that had nothing to recommend it except its extreme neatness in the hunting field, etc. A neat head on such occasions is an absolute necessity.

On the other hand, people with short faces who require height can do their

WALKING GOWNS FOR THE SPRING.

Among the newest walking gowns for the spring the very short coat bodices are also generally to be found, many of them being cut like Eton coats at the back and the sides and then made with long points in front. A smart gown in pale parma violet cloth has a coat bodice of this description, fitting very tightly at the back, but arranged in front so that it can be worn either open or closed. It is bordered throughout with some nine or ten rows of fine stitching and finished in front with large buttons of clear crystal.

The coat is turned back with revers of white satin, which are afterward continued round the shoulders in the form of a sailor collar and which narrow away to quite a fine point below the waist in front. Laid flatly over these revers and continued upon the collar there is an applique of venetian point lace in a deep tone of cream color, and just at the very edge all the way along there is a fringe of narrow white satin ribbon finely accented with black. The coat is thrown open, it leaves visible a society little blouse of palest daffodil yellow lace silk with innumerable small tucks running from throat to waist and between each tuck a stripe of openwork silk embroidery in a pretty hairpin stitch arranged over a lining of pale parma violet satin. This arrangement gives to the blouse a kind of striped effect which is both original and pretty. At the waist and also at the throat there are a few folds of parma violet panne drawn through narrow diamond slides.

The skirt is simplicity itself and is chiefly remarkable for the perfect way in which it is cut and the smoothness and closeness with which it fits all around the figure. It fastens at the side, but toward the front, with little crystal buttons to match the large ones upon the coat, looped together with parma violet silk cords. Long lines of stitching run downward from waist to feet and all around the hem. The skirt is cut out in a series of pleats or vandyke points. These points are edged with many rows of stitching and arranged to fall over a stitched flounce of cloth, which gives to the gown that double skirt effect so much sought after.

A Lace Year.

Nothing is lovelier than lace, whether for day or evening wear, nothing more easily adaptable, nothing more universally becoming. This year, too, there are many beautiful robes of lace made with shaped skirts and bodice pieces, which need very little arrangement or alteration to suit any ordinary figure and which require absolutely nothing in the way of trimming beyond a little softening of chiffon or mousseline de soie around the décolletage and perhaps a few folds of panne at the waist.

These lace gowns are frequently made up over a colored foundation in satin or glace silk, and in very pale shades of apple green, minosa yellow or the new azalea pink they look very lovely, especially when the color, which is only faintly hinted at in the lining, is repeated more boldly and in a deeper tone either in a spray of flowers upon the corsage or in the velvet or panne bretelles, which so frequently nowadays take the place of sleeves. With most of the polonaise or princess dresses the waist line disappears altogether, so that there is no chance of using a touch of color there, and on the whole this is a distinct advantage, as a touch of color outlining the waist must needs add a little to its apparent size.



PRETTY HOUSE GOWNS.

have seen for children is a Quaker costume of white wool cloth with a fichu of white chiffon and a little Quaker bonnet with the flat front of silk and the soft crown of white chiffon, which gives an air of great piquancy to the smiling, rosy little face. The gown is cut with waist line very high under the

ling jackets and robes de nuit. In lace these make very pretty finishes to the square yoked nightdresses now so much shown in the shops. The sleeves are smaller than they have been, but a deep bell shaped frill and lace edging fall over the hands. Roses and pink poppies are blooming

paillettes arranged to overlap each other till they formed a kind of coat of mail. All the upper part of the skirt was covered by these iridescent paillettes, brightened here and there with a tracery of silver. Near the hem the mother of pearl embroideries were cut up in a series of rather deep vandykes, so as to leave visible an underskirt of white glace silk covered with a number of narrow frills of accordion plaited mousseline de soie, hemmed with silver thread. This gown had long sleeves of mousseline de soie, rucked from the shoulder to the wrist, and fitting quite closely to the arm. Passing over one shoulder there was a strap of bright cerise panne, while on the other a lovely cluster of mauve lilac was placed, with long trails of pale green foliage drooping down on either side.

hair right to the top. Then, with a high forehead, one can bring the fringe down on to the center of it and with a low one may have a fascinating little pompadour curl at the side, waving it back and raising it in the front.

That very ugly fashion of covering up the ears with the hair has mercifully departed and is only to be found among an indifferent class.

A French Spring Gown.

Worth, the great Paris firm, has taken a new departure and is making tailor made gowns. A description is given of a wonderful duck's egg blue costume of fine cloth, the coat having an upstanding collar and revers made of white panne. Another of Worth's dresses is of butter color cloth with collar and revers of palest blue panne.

HOW TO MAKE FURNITURE AT HOME.

Spring is the season when good housewives' thoughts turn instinctively to dreams of housecleaning. In the general overhauling that is part and parcel of that festive season, supposedly beloved of women's hearts and abhorred of men's, there is a yearning for new furniture with which many pocketbooks are unable to cope.

In these days of unique accomplishments there are many women who are not only able to handle the task of re-varnishing and staining up old pieces to look like new, but even with the assistance of a carpenter or a useful husband to make charming and useful pieces of furniture themselves. The carpenter will, generally for \$2 or \$3 at the most, build such simple structures as may be needed for upholstery or staining and carving.

Most halls are bare and barnlike. This is said with all due respect for the taste of the owners of said halls. The fact of the matter is that hall furniture which is pretty is expensive, and the average hard pressed householder is content, when the rest of the house is habitually furnished, to let the hall go as it can.

Now, if the woman who mourns its bare and empty appearance will cast her eye over the accompanying sketch she is an exceptional woman if inspiration does not light her eyes. This beautiful and useful bit of hall furniture will even commend itself to the approbation of respectable husbands and brothers, for it is not so objectionable to the man who stays out late as many other specimens of cabinet making skill because it is a straight, solid piece, therefore is not likely to tip over and be entangled among stumbling midnight stockinged feet.

The skeleton of the piece of furniture can be made of smooth, carefully planed wood, which, when stained and varnished, permits a beautiful polish being given its surface.

The uses of the hall furniture are seen in the picture. It is a combined umbrella rack, settee, cabinet and chest. A bit of molding glued along the front of the lower part of the settee will represent paneling. The top is covered with a hinged lid, so that its interior may be used to stow away macintoshes or overcoats. The little shelf up under the left hand corner is, in the picture, provided with a door done in burnt wood ornamentation. A couple of fancy brass hinges are useful as well as ornaments. On the piece of wood serving as the back of the settee are burnt a couple of conventionalized birds—herons or cranes or kingfishers. If the maker of the furniture has no skill in burnt woodwork, a plain back and a handsome cushion are quite elegant enough. Above on the high shelf two or three pieces of handsome pottery are placed. Such furniture could be very well done in the green stain now so much in vogue instead of an oak or walnut.

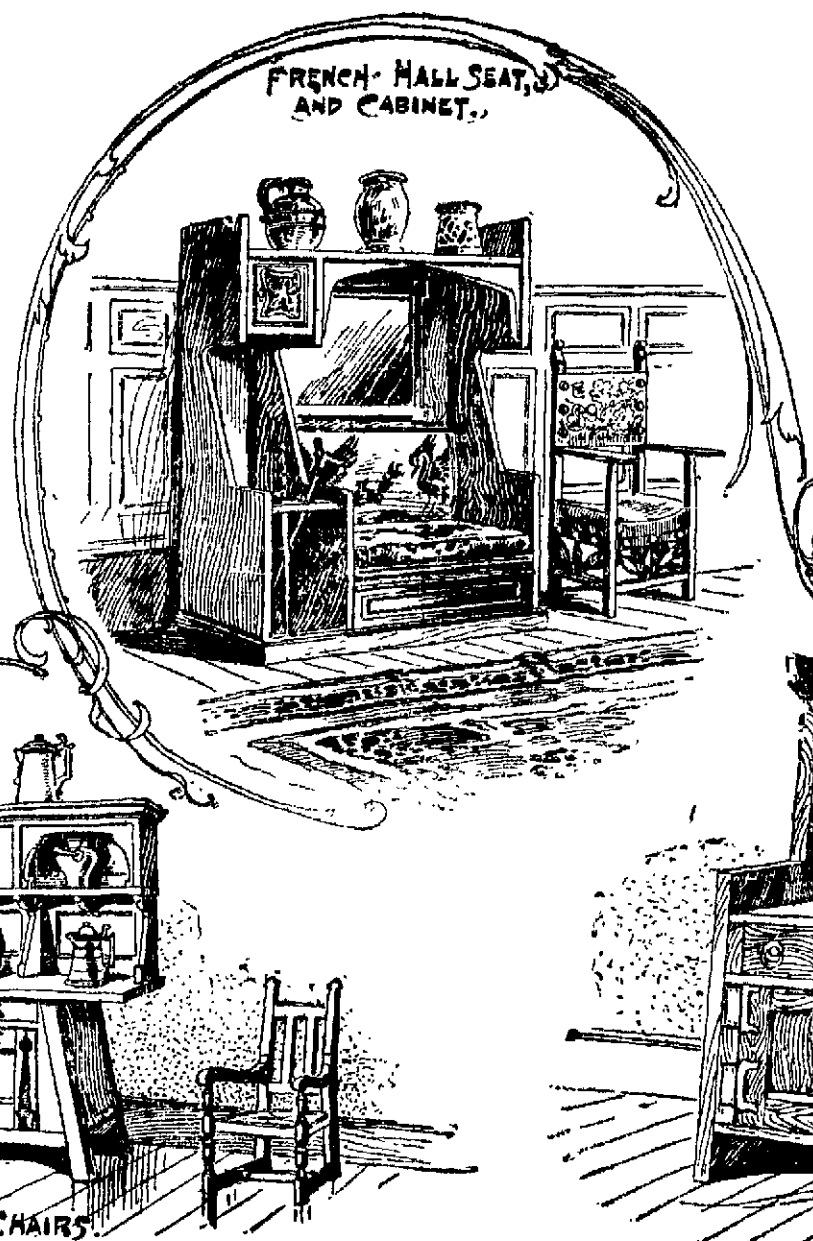
The ornamental chair at the side is made with very little trouble. The foundation may be one of the old splint rattan chairs, which, although char-

HOW TO MAKE TEA CAKES.

Put three-quarters of a pound of dry flour into a basin, and rub one ounce of butter into it. Mix half an ounce of compressed yeast until it is quite smooth with rather less than half a pint of milk which is just warm, then add one ounce of castor sugar and a well beaten egg. Make a hollow in the middle of the flour and pour in the milk, etc., gradually, and mix the flour until a very soft dough is formed. Then

soon as they are cooked, after being cut through and buttered or they may be allowed to get cold and can then be toasted and buttered.

A small quantity of mixed spice or chopped candied peel added to the dough may be considered an improvement. In the event of no round tins of a suitable size being at hand, the dough may be shaped into the form of buns, which should be placed on a buttered baking tin, allowed to rise, and then baked according to the directions given above. If the dough is to be used in this way, rather less milk should be



SPECIMENS OF HOMEMADE FURNITURE.

turn it from the basin on to a floured board, and knead it for a few minutes. Butter some round cake tins of medium size. Divide the dough into two or four pieces, according to the size of the tins, and place a piece in each tin. Stand the tins on a baking sheet, cover them with a cloth and put the baking sheet on the kitchen fender for about an hour. At the end of this time the cakes will have risen well, and they should be baked at once in a quick oven for about half an hour. When nearly done, brush them over quickly with milk, and scatter some powdered sugar over them to give the tops a glazed appearance. The cakes can be served at

mixed with the yeast; otherwise the dough would be too soft to mold satisfactorily.

Deviled Muscatels.

This is a novel and much appreciated hors d'oeuvre. Take from the stalks some muscatel raisins, allowing a dozen or 18 for each person. Put them into a frying basket and plunge into boiling oil. Fry them until they are crisp and slightly brown on the outside. Throw the fruit on to a warm clean cloth to free from all grease and season with salt, a tiny pinch of cayenne pepper and ground black pepper which has been lightly browned in the oven. Serve hot.

SELECTING WINDOW SHADES.

The general appearance of a house is very much influenced by the style and color of its window shades, so much so that it is necessary to select them with great discretion, and to consider one or two points before making a final decision. First of all as to color, which must depend upon the house itself, whether it be of stone, red brick or painted, and then as to its situation, whether it be in town or country, for the atmosphere of the former will soon play havoc with delicate colors, whereas in the country they are most appropriate.

Among the many new materials used for the purpose cream colored holland, either quite plain or with corded stripes or self color brocaded patterns, holds the first place. A plain cloth has a much better appearance than a fancy one. Art printed linen, when trimmed with lace or fringe, also looks exceedingly well, and it makes a very useful shade, as also does tulle cloth.

Striped materials are rather too noticeable and are altogether more ordinary, and the same remark applies to the floral prints, which have enjoyed a certain amount of popularity. For an old fashioned stone house red linen holland shades give a certain style, and sometimes dark blue is calculated to look well for a brick building.

For important windows on the ground

perhaps the best, as it will keep in condition and will stand cleaning much better than the more elaborately made ones.

It is very usual to have a green union shade fixed behind the "show" one in bedrooms with an eastern aspect, so as to exclude the light of the early morning sun and darken the room.

The mechanism of a shade should always be of the simplest description; otherwise it is continually out of order and retards the work of many of the patients which cause the shade to work suddenly have proved themselves entirely worthless, and there is nothing to surpass a really well made spring roller. It is worked by a single cord, which fixes the shade at any required height, and no center cord or tassel is necessary.

To Remove Grease From Clothes.

To remove grease spots from woolen fabric, place a piece of blotting paper both under and over the portion of the cloth where the grease appears and press several times with a hot iron. Stretch the portion of the material where the grease spot was over a piece of stiff cardboard—or the top of a small wooden box will answer the purpose—which has been covered with a clean sheet of blotting paper. Saturate a piece of flannel with rectified benzine and rub the right side of the material, moving the flannel quickly in a circular direction to prevent the grease from spreading. Use plenty of benzine and continue to rub until the benzine has evaporated, then remove the blotting paper and put a cloth in its place. Dip a small brush into boiling water, soap it, and rub the portion of the fabric which was touched by the benzine, then sponge off the soap and rub the material between cloths until it is nearly dry.

To Improve Pearls.

Even if pearls are to be cast before swine, let it be in their most perfect form. The wearers of these delightful jewels rarely appreciate the amount of labor that may be added to them by keeping them clean, for pearls, like everything else, attract dirt and are by no means as chaste as it is the fashion to consider them. And what wonder, seeing how they coquette with the human form divine, whence they derive a coating of the sticky sebaceous matter excreted by the skin with which to encase them to their opalescent sides the atmospheric filth that floats about at social functions. One method of restoring them is to boil some brine with a little cream of tartar and alum, and soak them in the water, rubbing them between the hands meanwhile. Then rinse them in lukewarm water and lay them on white blotting paper in a dark place.

How Long Should Children Sleep?

The stout and hearty child who goes to bed with the birds can afford to get up with the birds. His body, his brain, his nerves, have had all the rest they need in the long, sweet hours of slumber, and if he does not respond to the call he must be lazy and his fault duly corrected. If he be not a stout and healthy child, it is not so certain that he has slept well. Restless nerves and indigestion may have kept him awake part of the night. An excitable, precocious or studious child should be allowed to sleep as long as possible, for during sleep the brain repairs its loss, and it is a matter of vital importance that with a delicate child those hours should never be curtailed.

APRIL MENUS.

BREAKFAST.

Oranges.
Oatmeal and Milk.
Popover Oranges.
Coffee.

POPOVERS.—Make a batter consisting of one-half pint of milk, the yolks of two eggs, two ounces of the best sifted flour, one-half teaspoonful sugar, a tablespoonful melted butter and a teaspoonful of salt. Add to the batter the whites of the two eggs beaten to a froth, stirring constantly during the process. Pour some gem pans with flour and fill each pan about half full of batter and bake in an oven of medium heat. It will take 20 or 30 minutes to bake them well.

LUNCHEON OR TEA.

Oranges.
Clam Fritters.
Celery.
Sponge Cake.

CLAM FRITTERS.—Take eight finely chopped hard shell clams and mix with them the yolk of an egg, a tablespoonful of melted butter, a teaspoonful of salt, a teaspoonful of baking powder, the white of the egg beaten and a little white pepper. Mix these ingredients well together. Put one-half an ounce of batter in the fryer, and when it is hot drop with a tablespoon small portions of batter all over the pan. Fry until brown.

DINNER.

Rice Soup.
Fricassee of Lamb.
Plain Boiled Potatoes.
Celery Salad.
Coffee.

RICE SOUP.—The well cleaned neck, feet and giblets of a chicken are covered with three pints of cold water and a teaspoonful of salt and an onion added to the soup, which should be allowed to boil slowly for 1½ hours. To it then should be added a tablespoonful of boiled rice strained of the water and mixed with one teaspoonful of butter. The soup should be strained before the rice is added to it.

Care of China.

The care of china is not so simple as it appears. Some paste is so perfectly hard that it never "takes" dirt; other specimens are very absorbent. Of course china must not be rubbed with anything very gritty or the glaze will be destroyed, or at least scratched, rendering it more likely to be permanently impregnated with dirt or to have its pattern or decorative work jeopardized. The Chinese, who know how to keep things spotlessly clean when they please, employ fuller's earth and soda with plenty of water, and the effects are charming, the china coming out of this mixed bath with a glistening complexion.

Dowries in Italy.

Providing marriage portions for young girls is the object of a government fund in Italy. It would be almost impossible for a girl in that country to be married without a dowry, and this form of charity is said to be most highly appreciated by the recipients. The annual sum subscribed for this purpose and distributed every year is \$2,500,000. The recipient has to prove a good character and reputation by many witnesses, to show that she has no means available and that the young man who wishes to marry her has a trade.

When cutting thin bread and butter from a new loaf, warm the knife used by holding it to the fire for a few moments. If this precaution be taken, the slices will be cut as easily and as smoothly as if the bread were stale.

Buy a Buckle

For belt buckles, has kept us busy—today we have received hundreds of new belt buckles,—not the usual common kind—not the kind you see in other stores, they are not 50c or 75c buckles marked down, but they are first class buckles bought by us at a very close price and we are selling them on the same basis, at our notion counter.

25c a Buckle.

Wall Paper Time is Now

New designs in wall paper came this week—they are handsome, too—we would be pleased to show you our assortment of wall papers, whether you wish to buy or compare qualities and prices. In our basement salesroom we also show a complete line of window shades, room mouldings, carpets, straw matting, oil cloths, brass fixtures, and upholstery materials.

Timely Hints For Summer

Summer wash fabrics are here in plenty; among the popular, we mention, white piques, tucked ginghams, madras cloths, fine ginghams, organdies, and a large assortment of white goods.

Hosiery Counter

Ladies' black hose, new yarn, split sole, all white foot, our Saturday hosiery value.

25 Cents.

Sam'l. Cully & Co.

TO RENT.
A furnished room at 21 Ashland St. Whitman block. 212 3/4.
Tenement to rent, corner Summer and Ashland. Inquire at 22 Chestnut street. 12501f.
Tenement to rent. Inquire at office of Ashe & Arnold. 2704f.
Stores and tenements. Inquire at the office of John H. Mack. 12501f.
Two rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Centrally located. Address H. Transcript office. 12501f.
House of 6 rooms, all modern improvements; also tenements of 5 or 10 rooms. Inquire 10 Pleasant street. 1681f.
Tenement in a brick block, No. 1 and 2 Band street; all new every improvement. Inquire C. J. Berry, 34 Summer street. 12501f.
New six room tenement, 53 Holbrook st. low price to small family. U. S. Winchell 12-5-12.
An upper tenement at \$10 per month. Inquire 12 Bryant street. 12501f.
Office to let, centrally located. Inquire Dr. B. E. Vadenia, 97 Main street. 12501f.
Furnished room to rent at 21 Spring st., near Church st. 12501f.
Modern apartment, 5 rooms 108 Eagle st. 12501f.

A flat in Arnold Place. Inquire at 12 Church street. 12501f.
Desirable tenement; six rooms and bath. 30 Hall st. Inquire on premises. 12501f.
Tenement and barn 86 Eagle st. Inquire at 24 Main street. 12501f.
Six and seven room tenements, 15 Spring st., near Church st. Inquire at 1 Montana st. C. E. Butler. 12501f.
Tenements, from \$8 to \$15 per month. Inquire P. E. Pike, Adams National Bank Block, after 7 o'clock evenings. 12501f.
Six room tenement in good repair. All modern improvements. No. 21 Bracewell avenue. Inquire C. A. Gail, Real Estate Agent, New Brighton block or 15 Bracewell avenue. 12501f.
A nice six room tenement, 4 Meadow street. Inquire at 6 Meadow street. 12501f.
Desirable tenement to rent. Inquire 112 River street. 12501f.

Tenement and store house to rent. Inquire at 24 Main street. 12501f.
Tenement in post office block. Inquire Clarence W. Gallup, North Adams Savings Bank building. 12501f.
House on Quincy street, 2 rooms, modern improvements, heated, \$30 a month. Inquire at 170 Main street. 12501f.
Tenements to rent from \$8 to \$10. Special cheap rates on the package and accept them at once. Inquire 50 West Main street. 12501f.
Tenement, 110 Main street. William Burton. 12501f.
Tenement at corner of Cherry and Meadow streets. Apply at premises of H. A. Gallup. 12501f.
Office corner Bank and Main street. Board and black stoves, heat and running water. Inquire P. J. Boland. 12501f.
Six room cottage, hot and cold water and bath new and clean, rent cheap. Inquire B. J. Boland. 12501f.
A new modern tenement with steam heat, B. J. Boland. 12501f.
Tenements and barn. Mrs. F. P. Brown. 12501f.
Desirable tenement on Glen avenue. H. A. Gallup, Boland block. 12501f.

WANTED.
All carpenters to keep away from Troy, N.Y., during present trouble. Per order Carpenters Union, North Adams, Mass.
A competent waitress, apply between 1 and 3 and 6 and 8 p.m. at W. A. Wall street. 12501f.
A young woman as general servant in family of two. Write, giving references, to c/o Box, 24 Williamson. 12501f.
Weavers. A few good woolen weavers for Knickerbocker and Crompton. Apply to office of Empire Woolen Co., Clayville, N.Y. 12501f.
Small lots of manure which can be had for the cartage. Julius Sweeney, 36 Vesale st. 12501f.
A woman to do general housework. Inquire at 5 Cherry street. 12501f.
At Once first-class stitchers on a needle Union Special flat machine. One good sewer on carver machine. Laundry-Clark shoe Co. 12501f.
A good machinist and one pattern maker. Apply to Draper Company, ropedale, Mass. 12501f.
Woman to do general housework. Refer to Mrs. C. J. Brown. 12501f.
A reliable man or woman to travel for a reliable firm. No pay and expenses to start and a share of advertisement. Must be over 18 years old and give good references. Address as once M. M., North Adams. 12501f.

WANTED. A case of bad health that R. P. A. N. S. will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word R. P. A. N. S. on the package and accept no substitute. R. P. A. N. S. 10 for 5 cents or twelve packages for 40 cents, may be had at any drug store. Free samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents. Forward to the R. P. A. N. S. Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce street, New York.

WANTED. A case of bad health that R. P. A. N. S. will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word R. P. A. N. S. on the package and accept no substitute. R. P. A. N. S. 10 for 5 cents or twelve packages for 40 cents, may be had at any drug store. Free samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents. Forward to the R. P. A. N. S. Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce street, New York.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

Suits and Jackets
Never have we been so busy in our suit department as now. Wonder at it if you will, but come, see the many varied styles of well-tailored garments that we are selling—choosing blindfold from this stock, would be safe, certainly, but to wide open eyes, there is a delightful satisfaction in making selections from many varied styles.

Prices,
Suits, \$10 to 35.00.
Jackets, \$5 to 15.00.

Silks.
Dress Goods.

This department is busy, very busy, because we are offering inducements in the way of newest material and best qualities. Some good things are here which you will not find elsewhere. Lovres of beautiful silks should see the offerings at our silk counter, every new effect and coloring is shown, rich, tempting silks for dresses, waists, skirts, petticoats, and for linings.

The Millinery

Many pretty hats to show you, and they are perhaps just enough different from what you have seen elsewhere, and prices, too, are moderate, a little less maybe than what you would expect them to be. Walking hats, sailors, large assortment of new styles at lowest prices. You will be pleased with the millinery display in our window.

Sam'l. Cully & Co.

WHEN IN DOUBT...

Buy your groceries and table delicacies of.....

H. A. Sherman,

You will find the goods right. Prices Right.

Eight Bars Lenox Soap.....25c.
Gold Dust.....17c Package
Cut Prices in Canned Goods,
Tomatoes, Peas, Corn, Pumpkin
and Pineapple.

COME

To our store this week. A lady will demonstrate to you the merits of Lind's Dainty Barley Health Food, together with Barley Flour. (Something new.) You want to try it.

---COME---

H. A. Sherman,

19 Eagle St. Telephone 28-5.

Pure Extract of Malt.

This standard preparation is a valuable and healing remedy in all ailments of the chest and lungs, constipation, dyspepsia and all wasting and debilitating diseases. Its tonic and nourishing qualities supply all that is necessary for the sustenance of the body.

Price 19c at...

KEARNS' Pharmacy,

39 EAGLE STREET.

TO RENT OR FOR SALE.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

PLANS OF CHURCH

Congregationalists Will Not Hold Services in the Church Sunday

"FIRE SALE" POSTPONED

Sunday School to Meet in St. John's Parish House Until Chapel is Repaired. More Theories of Origin of Fire. Many Sympathizers.

It has been decided to hold no services in the Congregational church next Sunday, on account of the fire. It would be difficult to get the auditorium cleaned suitably for the service, and the officials thought it best not to attempt it. It is expected that next Sunday will be the only one when the regular church services will have to be omitted, and during the coming week the auditorium will be thoroughly gone over, and the organ inspected by an expert.

For the Sunday school, the cordial invitation of the Episcopal church has been accepted with the gratitude of the church, and the school will be held in St. John's parish house every Sunday at 12:30 o'clock until further notice, beginning next Sunday.

St. John's church was one of the first to offer the use of its building and to express sympathy for the Congregationalists, the letter not having been handed to the paper yesterday. On the afternoon of the fire the following telegram was received by Charles H. Read, one of the wardens, from William Arthur Gallup, also a warden, in Dover Plains, N. J. It read as follows: "Don't lose a moment offering Congregationalists use of St. John's church and parish house."

The following was the letter sent to Rev. W. L. Tenney, and in his absence delivered to the deacons, from Rev. J. C. Tebbetts, the rector of St. John's: My dear Mr. Tenney,

If you can use St. John's parish house for your prayer meetings, Sunday school or any other purpose, I beg that you will feel perfectly free to do so. It is at your disposal. You have my fullest sympathy and the sympathy of all my people.

Sincerely yours,
J. C. TEBBETTS.

The Episcopal Sunday school meets before the preaching service, so that both Sunday schools will continue as usual.

The Christian Endeavor society of the Congregational church has accepted the invitation of the Universalist society to meet in their church Sunday evenings at 6 o'clock, and beginning next Sunday will do so until the chapel is ready for use again. The Congregational bell will ring for this service.

The "fire sale" of fair articles which the ladies of the church announced yesterday that they would hold today has been postponed, it having been thought best to further consideration not to try to use the chapel in its present condition. The sale will undoubtedly be held at some future date.

The estimate of the loss by the fire was not changed materially, by any further investigations, and the church is now waiting the arrival of the insurance adjusters before plans are made for the rebuilding of the interior of the chapel.

There has been much discussion as to the probable cause of the fire, and those who were in the booth where it started have been from some place helped the flames to spread, but investigation, as announced yesterday, has shown this to be improbable, although of course not impossible.

It is probable that the exact cause will never be fully known, as it is plain that the fire started some little distance from the place where the match was lighted, and as it was not a parlor lamp, no spark could have been thrown from it in lighting. The young ladies have thought it possible that a match might have been stepped on, and caught the burning at the side of the booth, burning a few seconds before the flames were noticed, but all of this is speculation.

FASHION AND HOUSEHOLD.

Today's Syndicate Page 6, Particular Interest to Woman Readers.

The attention of the feminine readers of The Transcript is particularly called today to page seven, where the late Paris fashions, household hints, recipes, etc., dear to the woman's heart, is discussed by well known writers, and illustrated. These articles, like preceding ones, are up-to-date, just released for publication by the syndicate, and The Transcript has the sole right to publish them for this section.

The leading article on that page today is a charming letter from Paris by Catherine Talbot, in which she discusses in a charming style new creations in gowns by Redfern and Worth, as well as other gossip of fashion in the gay French capital, incidentally alluding to the wife of the new President of France, Mme. Loubet, in a short spicy sketch.

Ella Mathieson contributes an interesting article upon the subject, "How to Make Furniture at Home," which is also illustrated, and well worth a perusal.

Several dainty recipes, an April menu, and short sketches upon various entertaining subjects, complete a page which every lady should read.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

THE NINE HOUR DAY

Brought Into Dispute by Local Contractor With Carpenters' Union

CARPENTERS FEAR TROUBLE

But are Prepared to Fight, and Announce That After May 1 Union Men Will Not Work With Non-Union Men.

A well attended meeting of the Central Labor union was held last evening, the most important discussion being in regard to matters in connection with the building trades. The carpenters' union reported that there was likely to be some difficulty between the union and Alexander Pecor, the contractor.

Wednesday he notified his carpenters that on Thursday they would be expected to work a ten-hour day. The union has established a nine-hour day which for some time has been in force throughout the city.

Yesterday, instead of working the ten hours, the carpenters employed by Mr. Pecor, stopped work at the usual time, 5 o'clock. There was some discussion on the subject, and finally Mr. Pecor said that for the rest of the week the nine-hour day would be observed, but that on Monday his men must begin the ten-hour schedule.

In making this report the carpenters' union announced that the matter would be carried out firmly on the part of the union, which now claims to have a membership of about 140 out of 165 carpenters in the city.

Another ruling of the carpenters' union was announced, which shows that the union has reached the point where the members are confident of their strength. This is that, on May 1 and after, union carpenters will refuse to work with non-union men. Heretofore in this city carpenters belonging to the union have not refused to work, no matter whether the job was an open one or not.

In connection with the Pecor matter a committee was appointed to see Mr. Galslick, for whom Mr. Pecor is doing some work.

A committee will also see the trustees of the Congregational church, to request that the building the chapel which was burned out Wednesday only union labor be employed.

This was practically all the important business of the meeting. Under reports from the unions on the state of trade it was announced that business in most lines was brighter than it has been.

A. E. Keyes entertained the union with phonograph selections.

COLORED BUTTERINE TABOOS.

Oleomargarine Cases Filed Away, Farmers Petition for Merchants.

There will be no colored oleomargarine sold in this city after this, if the cases against the merchants as reported some time ago are effective. The cases were all brought up in court this morning, and evidence was introduced to show that the merchants had kept for sale oleomargarine in which coloring matter had been used.

Lawyer Niles, who appeared for the merchants, did not attempt to dispute the evidence, which the merchants accepted, but made his argument on the point that the dealers had not known that they were violating the law in keeping the colored article. They bought the oleomargarine from wholesalers, and sold it just as it was bought, the coloring matter being put in during the making of the article.

The merchants have been very careful in conforming with the law as they understood, and the law against coloring matter was very little known.

A petition was introduced from the six farmers who had made the first complaint, setting forth that the petitioners thought that the object of the law was accomplished, and therefore requesting that the cases be filed away. As butter makers their business had been injured, they believed, by the sale of oleomargarine that resembled butter so much in looks, but they were satisfied that the bringing of the cases would stop the practice.

The cases were therefore all filed away.

Fall 30 Feet and Broke Arm.

The first accident of any consequence that has occurred in the construction of the new State street hotel happened late yesterday afternoon. Charles Peters, a carpenter, fell from a ladder, falling a little over 30 feet, and striking on a temporary flooring. His arm was broken, and his face and head were slightly bruised.

He was taken to the hospital in the ambulance, and attended by Dr. M. M. Brown. No internal injuries were found, and Mr. Peters was doing very well today.

He is a nephew of E. R. Porter of Forter & Hannum who are erecting the building. The latter are protected from loss by insurance in the employers' liability company.

Held on Serious Charge.

George J. Conlin, 13 years old, was in court this morning charged with assault with intent to rape. The complainant was Urgile Lavigne, father of Jennie Lavigne, a 15-years-old girl. Conlin pleaded not guilty, and the case was set for a hearing tomorrow, he being placed under bonds of \$500.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

THE YEAR'S REPORT

On Work of Troy District, by Presiding Elder Griffen.

LOCAL REVIVAL CHIEF FEATURE

In Lines of Church Activity, A Remarkable Year for the Churches in Conference. Dr. Thompson on State of Nation Committee.

The chief event of the Troy conference at Burlington yesterday was the report of the presiding elders of the district. A number of short addresses were made and Rev. J. W. Thompson of Pittsfield was made chairman of the committee on state of the nation.

The event of chief interest locally yesterday was the report of Rev. Dr. T. A. Griffin on the Troy district. It was a long and comprehensive record of the year's work, and the following extracts are of chief interest:

The territory of this district, extending from the Hudson river to the Berkshire hills, Western Massachusetts, embraces four cities, several thriving villages and many charges solely dependent upon agriculture. The centers of manufacture are beginning to feel the effect of increasing opportunities for employment and of a rise in the scale of wages. Our farmers are still experiencing close times from the low prices obtained for most of their products and their inability to compete with the ample and newer fields of the West.

The mountain towns in our extreme eastern section are diminishing in population and in resources. Their chief source of income in happier days consisted in raising cattle, which they sold "on the hoof" but they have been thrown out of market by the introduction of "dressed" and "refrigerated" western beef, and now their dependence is almost solely in dairying to a limited extent and the keeping of a few sheep. Still, discouraging as these last named charges may be, they are faithfully worked and supervised, and earnest effort is made to brighten the lives and religious experiences of the few who linger amidst these depressing conditions.

The past has been a unique year in respect to its three trying experiences—earthquake, fire and flood. First, an engrossing year, in which many of the youth of the territory within and without the church, listed. Some of these left home and church to return alive no more.

Second, the grip as an epidemic prevailed for several months, seriously affecting our church attendance and impeding our work.

And third, an almost unparalleled season of stormy weather, setting in early (Thanksgiving day) and continuing with rare intervals until the opening of the present month. An unusual phase of the last winter was the number of blizzards and cyclones which struck this section. Great injury was done to our new church in Dalton and to our property at Third street and Memorial, Troy, and in Brunswick, which places seemed to be in the cyclone's path.

From the first Sunday in January to the last in March, of this present year, snow or rain fell every Sabbath, excepting the 29th of January. Blizzards, two at least in March, with a zero temperature, added their variety, all of whose virtues this presiding elder had the opportunity of testing to his entire satisfaction. As the period covered by these continuous storms embraced the season for special activity and interest in all lines of church work it gave us no little apprehension for the results.

While unable wholly to rise above this peculiar combination of adverse influences, yet I am thankful to say, from reports recently available, the final exhibit will be far better than I at one time feared might be the case.

The general spiritual tone of the district is good. The special revival work has been chiefly carried forward by the pastors mutually aiding each other with the co-operation of their churches. In these efforts the official boards and representatives of the Sunday schools and Epworth leagues have been prominently and zealously engaged. In a few instances pastors, with the concurrence of the presiding elder, have invited evangelists to assist.

The conditions already noted have been unfavorable to this kind of work, and it is expected that the statistics will show a less number of probationers received than in some recent years; still we have occasion to rejoice in quite goodly accessions in any places.

At North Adams, Mass., over 200 persons were at the altar, most of whom were converted or reclaimed. Of these 175 were received on probation, and 85 were baptized the first Sabbath in February by the pastor. There have been gatherings also at Dalton, Pownal, Cheshire and Stamford. The report here described briefly the work in other places.

The amount raised on the missionary debt as reported by the secretaries, is largely in excess of the \$1,183 apportioned, placing this district among the first on the roll of honor. I think it will be found that the regular missionary contributions will not vary greatly from the standard of last year.

The reports furnished to the conference officers and presented at the anniversary and in the statistical tables render unnecessary any detailed statement of the operations and numbers pertaining to our Epworth leagues here. Both senior and junior leagues are doing effective work and are greatly helpful often to pastors and financially to the local churches.

Judging from the number of people who left their watches with Patton, the jeweler, to repair this morning, during the short time we were there, we should say that he was doing the repair business of North Adams.

BLACKINTON.

Martin J. Ryan, of Greylock sang a solo at a concert given in North Adams last evening.

The remains of the late Mrs. James Domin of Bennington will be brought from the Williamstown vault Saturday afternoon and buried in the local cemetery, at 12:30 p. m.

M. J. Fleming successfully passed an examination and has been granted papers as a journeyman plumber.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

REFRIGERATORS

25 Sizes and Styles

From our large stock, if you come early, you can surely find one to just fit both your idea of price and the space you want it for.

REMEMBER, we are crowded for room and will give a Liberal Discount on all Refrigerators purchased before May 1.

"WALK IN AND LOOK AROUND."

Gilbert Maxwell,
2 MARTIN BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

G. FRANK RIST,
No 113 Main Street, North Adams, Mass

Adams Block, Opposite Eagle Street

MONEY BACK IF YOU SAY SO.

SPECIAL SALE FOR THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ONLY

WHITE, FINELY LAUNDERED Dress Shirts, full sizes, cut with yoke and well made, 44c each

FANCY BOSOM SHIRTS, with white bodies. A complete line of brun new goods, cut with yoke, full sizes, and warranted fast colors. The celebrated Congress make. Cuffs to match bosoms with each shirt at 44c each

FANCY HOSE. Very swell patterns. The very latest things in Hosiery, Stripes, Plaids and Polka Dots, 2 c per pair

NECKWEAR. A fine assortment, consisting of Puffs, Bows, Four-in-Hands and Tecks. We have them assorted in two lots. Your choice from lot No. 1, 21 cents; from lot No. 2, 44 cents each.

WORKING SHIRTS. Black Striped and Plain Black Working Shirts, all made with felled seams and double fronts and backs at 44c each

Also a line of Working Shirts, Black Stripes and light checks at 21c each

These prices are for the next three days only. Come early before the assortment is broken.

G. FRANK RIST,
MONEY BACK IF YOU SAY SO.

Bargains In CHOICE GROCERIES

Read our Price List. Compare our Prices, and see how far a dollar goes at our store.....

17 lbs. Granulated sugar.....	\$1.00	3 cans clams or oysters.....	25c
19 lbs. White A C sugar.....	1.00	2 packages parlor matches.....	25c
8 bars Lenox, Star, Acme or Ark soap.....	25c	3 cans pumpkin.....	25c
7 lbs. best laundry starch.....	25c	4 packages mince meat.....	25c
3 cans polash or lye.....	25c	3 lbs. seedless raisins.....	25c
6 packages glut soap powder.....	25c	3 cakes Bon Ami or Sapallo.....	25c
4 lbs. best rice.....	25c	3 lobsters per can.....	25c
4 lbs. best 3 crown raisins.....	25c	4 quart bottle ammonia only.....	10c
4 lbs. best California prunes.....	25c	1 lb. bottle pure maple syrup for 20c	18c
2 lbs. evaporated apples.....	25c	4 quart bottle pure maple syrup for 20c	20c
2 lbs. evaporated peaches.....	25c	4 quart bottle pure maple syrup for 20c	20c
Best apricots per lb.....	15c	4 1/2 lb. package prepared buckwheat	18c
Best citron per lb.....	10c	Grandmas pancake flour.....	12c
9 lbs. graham flour.....	25c	Lion coffee per lb.....	12c
9 lbs. buckwheat flour.....	25c	Good drinking coffee per lb.....	15c
10 lbs. corn meal.....	25c	Best coffee per pound.....	20c
4 lbs. best cream crackers.....	25c	Good Java or Mocha coffee per lb.....	25c
3 lbs. cookies mixed or plain.....	25c	Best Java or Mocha coffee per lb.....	30c
4 lbs. water frosting sugar.....	25c	Pure leaf lard per lb.....	7 1/2c
4 lbs. cut loaf sugar.....	25c	All kinds of teas per lb.....	35c
4 qts. white beans.....	25c	Best pork per lb.....	7 and 8c
4 qts. green or yellow peas.....	25c	5 lb. pail of pure leaf lard.....	75c
4 boxes stove polish of 10 size.....	25c	5 lb. pail pure leaf lard.....	40c
5 packages pure corn starch.....	25c	5 lb. pail of jelly.....	25c
5 packages bird food.....	25c	5	